

# **Arab National Bank**

(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)

Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements For the period ended 30 June 2021





#### Independent Auditors' Review Report on Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

To: The Shareholders of Arab National Bank (A Saudi Joint Stock Company)

#### Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying interim consolidated statement of financial position of Arab National Bank ("the Bank") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as "the Group") as of 30 June 2021, and the related interim consolidated statements of income and comprehensive income for the three and six month periods then ended and the related interim consolidated statements of changes in equity and cash flows for the six month period then ended, and other explanatory notes (collectively referred to as "the interim condensed consolidated financial statements"). Management is responsible for the preparation and presentation of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements in accordance with the International Accounting Standard No. 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" ("IAS 34") as endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these interim condensed consolidated financial statements based on our review.

#### **Scope of Review**

We conducted our review in accordance with the International Standard on Review Engagements 2410, "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity", as endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with the International Standards on Auditing as endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

#### Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying interim condensed consolidated financial statements are not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with IAS 34 as endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia.

#### **Other Regulatory Matters**

As required by Saudi Central Bank ("SAMA"), certain capital adequacy information has been disclosed in note (20) to the accompanying interim condensed consolidated financial statements. As part of our review, we compared the information in note (20) to the relevant analysis prepared by the Bank for submission to SAMA and found no material inconsistencies.

Ernst & Young & Co. **KPMG Professional Services** (Certified Public Accountants) بون قانونيون 260(0 P O Box 2732 P.O. Box 92876 Rivadh 11663 Rivadh 11461 Kingdom of Saudi Arabia Kingdom of Saudi Arabia R ERNST PROFESSIONAL LICENSE No. 45 POLING & CO. (CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNT Fahad M. Al-Toaimi Dr. Abdullah Hamad Al Fozan **Certified Public Accountant** Certified Public Accountant License No. 354 License No. 348 29 Dhul-Hijjah 1442H (8 August 2021)

#### ARAB NATIONAL BANK (A Saudi Joint Stock Company) INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (Amounts in SAR '000)

	Notes	June 30 2021 (Unaudited)	December 31 2020 (Audited)	June 30 2020 (Unaudited)
ASSETS				
Cash and balances with SAMA	6	9,090,087	12,633,339	15,011,091
Due from banks and other financial institutions, net	7	3,200,225	1,081,984	1,342,982
Positive fair value of derivatives	13	991,407	994,828	1,020,854
Investments, net	8	43,700,669	43,774,875	43,342,248
Loans and advances, net	9	117,830,016	113,362,613	117,128,954
Investments in associates	10	1,136,227	1,289,732	1,264,559
Other real estate		219,977	219,977	220,697
Property and equipment, net		2,247,399	2,300,770	2,096,693
Other assets		3,460,551	4,737,724	5,868,467
Total assets		181,876,558	180,395,842	187,296,545
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY				
Liabilities				
Due to banks, SAMA and other financial institutions	11	10,751,113	9,797,744	12,808,405
Negative fair value of derivatives	13	2,580,467	3,446,905	4,434,767
Customers' deposits	12	130,220,476	129,352,176	133,896,212
Other liabilities		5,435,942	5,203,219	5,684,675
Sukuk		2,828,704	2,829,654	2,012,345
Total liabilities		151,816,702	150,629,698	158,836,404
Equity			7.	1
Equity attributable to equity holders of the Bank				
Share capital	18	15,000,000	15,000,000	15,000,000
Statutory reserve		8,317,000	8,317,000	7,756,000
Other reserves		595,373	279,460	(86,055)
Retained earnings		6,119,627	6,137,867	5,756,971
Total equity attributable to equity holders of the Bar	ik	30,032,000	29,734,327	28,426,916
Non-controlling interests		27,856	31,817	33,225
Total equity		30,059,856	29,766,144	28,460,141
Total liabilities and equity		181,876,558	180,395,842	187,296,545

The accompanying notes 1 to 23 form an integral part of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

Latifa Al-Sabhan Chief Financial Officer

Obaid Al-Rasheed Managing Director

Hesham Al-Jabr Authorized Board Member

#### ARAB NATIONAL BANK (A Saudi Joint Stock Company) INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF INCOME Amounts in SAR '000 (Unaudited)

		For the three	months ended	For the six	months ended
	Notes	June 30 2021	June 30 2020	June 30 2021	June 30 2020
Special commission income		1,238,492	1,501,398	2,501,092	3,260,064
Special commission expense	_	108,316	302,347	191,362	770,256
Net special commission income		1,130,176	1,199,051	2,309,730	2,489,808
Fees and commission income, net		122,053	120,104	250,815	273,483
Exchange income, net Unrealised gain / (loss) on FVIS financial		50,871	97,948	102,095	191,721
instruments, net		40,924	77	62,475	(126,281)
Trading income, net		46	376	9,126	3,622
Dividend income		26,348	30,118	42,510	43,341
Gain on sale of debt financial assets, net				133,204	10,488
Other operating income, net	-	10,794	22,052	27,615	73,158
Total operating income		1,381,212	1,469,726	2,937,570	2,959,340
Salaries and employee related expenses		309,121	311,092	609,514	629,434
Rent and premises related expenses		13,956	13,744	24,897	26,756
Depreciation and amortisation		52,166	54,741	105,200	112,890
Other general and administrative expenses	-	158,208	147,813	329,451	303,935
Total operating expenses before impairmer charges	it	533,451	527,390	1,069,062	1,073,015
Impairment charges for expected credit losses (ECL) and other provisions, net	9	303,181	345,433	638,195	543,783
(Reversal of impairment charges) / Impairment charges for other financial assets, net		(3,982)	2,379	(6,256)	(3,440)
Total operating expenses		832,650	875,202	1,701,001	1,613,358
Net operating income		548,562	594,524	1,236,569	1,345,982
Share in earnings of associates, net		20,461	1,980	40,814	5,794
Gain on disposal of investment in an associate	-	8,019		8,019	15,217
Net income before zakat and income tax		577,042	596,504	1,285,402	1,366,993
Zakat for the period	16	56,853	59,955	128,868	128,221
Income tax for the period	16	53,846	54,385	109,472	112,404
Deferred tax reversal for the period	( <b>—</b>	(3,036)	(2,183)	(3,969)	(1,533)
Net income for the period	-	469,379	484,347	1,051,031	1,127,901
Attributable to:					
Equity holders of the Bank		472,761	485,952	1,054,992	1,129,739
Non-controlling interests	12	(3,382)	(1,605)	(3,961)	(1,838)
Net income for the period	-	469,379	484,347	1,051,031	1,127,901
Basic and diluted earnings per share (expressed in SAR per share)	18 _	0.32	0.32	0.70	0.75

The accompanying notes 1 to 23 form an integral part of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

a

Latifa Al-Sabhan Chief Financial Officer

**Obaid Al-Rasheed** Managing Director

Hesham Al-Jabr Authorized Board Member

2

#### ARAB NATIONAL BANK (A Saudi Joint Stock Company) INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (Amounts in SAR '000) (Unaudited)

	For the three months ended		For the six months ended		
-	June 30 2021	June 30 2020	June 30 2021	June 30 2020	
Net income for the period	469,379	484,347	1,051,031	1,127,901	
Other comprehensive income					
Items that cannot be reclassified to the consolidated statement of income in subsequent periods					
Equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income:					
- Net changes in fair value	84,387	170,533	290,708	(216,413)	
Items that can be reclassified to the consolidated statement of income in subsequent periods					
Debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income:					
- Net changes in fair value	6,500	82,814	25,205	(103,040)	
<ul> <li>Net amounts transferred to interim consolidated statement of income</li> </ul>		4,273	-	2,612	
Total other comprehensive income / (loss) for the period	90,887	257,620	315,913	(316,841)	
Total comprehensive income for the period	560,266	741,967	1,366,944	811,060	
Attributable to:					
Equity holders of the Bank	563,648	743,572	1,370,905	812,898	
Non-controlling interests	(3,382)	(1,605)	(3,961)	(1,838)	
Total comprehensive income for the period	560,266	741,967	1,366,944	811,060	

The accompanying notes 1 to 23 form an integral part of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

Latifa Al-Sabhan Chief Financial Officer

**Obaid** Al-Rasheed

Managing Director

Hesham Al-Jabr Authorized Board Member

## ARAB NATIONAL BANK (A Saudi Joint Stock Company) INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY For the six months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020 Amounts in SAR '000 (Unaudited)

		Attributable to equity holders of the Bank							
		Other Re		Reserves					
<u>2021</u>	Share capital	Statutory reserve	FVOCI	Actuarial losses on defined benefit plan	Retained earnings	Proposed dividends	Total	Non- controlling interests	Total equity
Balance at December 31, 2020	15,000,000	8,317,000	336,126	(56,666)	6,137,867	-	29,734,327	31,817	29,766,144
Changes in equity for the period:									
Net changes in fair values of FVOCI equity investments	-	-	290,708	÷.	8	2	290,708	-	290,708
Net changes in fair values of FVOCI debt instruments		2500	25,205	<u>-</u>			25,205	582	25,205
Net income for the period	.≅		-		1,054,992		1,054,992	(3,961)	1,051,031
Total comprehensive income for the period	<u>~</u>	· · · · · · ·	315,913	-	1,054,992	-	1,370,905	(3,961)	1,366,944
2020 final dividends, net	-		-	-	(567,822)	E 🎬	(567,822)	1 <b>-1</b> -1	(567,822)
2021 Interim dividend	5		-		(505,410)	-	(505,410)	-	(505,410)
Balance at the end of the period	15,000,000	8,317,000	652,039	(56,666)	6,119,627	1. <u></u>	30,032,000	27,856	30,059,856

2020	Notes	Share capital	Statutory reserve	FVOCI	Actuarial losses on defined benefit plan	Retained earnings	Proposed dividends	Total	Non-controlling interests	Total equity
Balance at December 31, 2019		15,000,000	7,756,000	308,794	(78,008)	4,627,232	694,205	28,308,223	35,063	28,343,286
Changes in equity for the period:						12000000000000000000000000000000000000				04.000
Net changes in fair values of FVOCI equity investments				(216,413)	=		=	(216,413)	5. <del>5</del> 7	(216,413)
Net changes in fair values of FVOCI debt instruments		2	17 <u>1</u> 2	(103,040)	8	2	-	(103,040)	-	(103,040)
Net transfers to interim consolidated statement of income		-	1.41	2,612	-	-	<u>-</u> :	2,612	5 <b>1</b> 3	2,612
Net income for the period		5	1.20	-	2	1,129,739	<u>1</u>	1,129,739	(1,838)	(1,127,901)
Total comprehensive income for the period		12		(316,841)	-	1,129,739	<u>2</u>	812,898	(1,838)	811,060
2019 final dividends, net				100		5	(694,205)	(694,205)	5 <del>10</del> 5	(694,205)
Balance at the end of the period		15,000,000	7,756,000	(8,047)	(78,008)	5,756,971		28,426,916	33,225	28,460,141

The accompanying notes 1 to 23 form an integral part of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

Latifa Al-Sabhan Chief Financial Officer

Obaid Al-Rasheed Managing Director

4

Hesham Al-Jabr Authorized Board Member

#### ARAB NATIONAL BANK (A Saudi Joint Stock Company) INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the six months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020 (Amounts in SAR '000) (Unaudited)

(onducted)	Notes	2021	2020
OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Net income before zakat and income tax		1,285,402	1,366,993
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash (used in) /from operating activities:			
Amortisation of premium on investments not held as FVTPL, net		19,101	13,682
Special commission expense on Sukuk		46,249	32,538
Gain on sale of debt and other financial assets, net		(133,204)	(10,488)
Unrealised (gain) / loss on revaluation of investments as FVTPL, net		(62,475)	126,281
Dividend income		(42,510)	(43,341)
Depreciation and amortisation		105,200	112,890
Loss / (gain) on disposal of property and equipment, net		58	(18)
Impairment charges for ECL and other provisions, net		638,195	543,783
Reversal of impairment charges for other financial assets, net		(6,256)	(3,440)
Share in earnings of associates, net		(40,814)	(5,794)
Gain on disposal of investment in an associate	8	(8,019)	(15,217)
<b>亦</b>		1,800,927	2,117,869
Net (increase) / decrease in operating assets:			
Statutory deposit with SAMA		176,115	(209,216)
Investments held at FVIS		63,628	(68,395)
Positive fair value of derivatives		3,421	204,283
Loans and advances		(5,362,375)	1,426,537
Other assets		1,277,173	(3,056,376)
Other real estate, net		10 N	1,500
Net increase / (decrease) in operating liabilities:			
Due to banks, SAMA and other financial institutions		953,369	9,726,223
Negative fair value of derivatives		(866,438)	2,093,583
Customers' deposits		868,300	(8,232,685)
Other liabilities		(321,033)	(1,723,244)
Zakat and income tax paid	2	(322,296)	(96,935)
Net cash (used in) /from operating activities		(1,729,209)	2,183,144
INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from sale and maturities of investments not held as FVTPL		2,365,006	1,094,865
Purchase of investments not held as FVTPL		(1,857,783)	(5,296,341)
Purchase of property and equipment		(27,719)	(25,910)
Investment in associate		172,584	(354,433)
Proceeds from sale of property and equipment		11	18
Dividends received	14	42,510	43,341
Net cash from / (used in) investing activities	1.5	694,609	(4,538,460)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Dividends paid		(171,633)	(692,145)
Special commission paid on Sukuk		(42,933)	(38,096)
Net cash used in financing activities	11	(214,566)	(730,241)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(1,249,166)	(3,085,557)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	-	6,427,643	12,160,632
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	15	5,178,477	9,075,075
Special commission received during the period		2,420,886	3,281,686
Special commission paid during the period		(266,542)	(740,201)
Supplemental non-cash information			
Net changes in fair value of investments held at fair value through other		045 040	(210 452)
comprehensive income		315,913	(319,453)

The accompanying notes 1 to 23 form an integral part of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

4

Latifa Al-Sabhan Chief Financial Officer

**Obaid Al-Rasheed** Managing Director

Hesham Al-Jabr Authorized Board Member

5

#### 1. General

Arab National Bank (a Saudi Joint Stock Company) (the Bank) was formed pursuant to Royal Decree No. M/38 dated Rajab 18, 1399H (corresponding to June 13, 1979). The Bank commenced business on February 2, 1980 by taking over the operations of Arab Bank Limited in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. The Bank operates under Commercial Registration No. 1010027912 dated Rabi Awal 1, 1400H (corresponding to January 19, 1980) through its 135 branches (June 30, 2020: 137 branches) in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia (the Kingdom) and one branch in the United Kingdom. The address of the Bank's head office is as follows:

Arab National Bank P.O. Box 56921 Riyadh 11564 Kingdom of Saudi Arabia

The objective of the Bank is to provide a full range of banking services. The Bank also provides its customers noncommission based banking products that are approved and supervised by an independent Shariah Board established by the Bank.

The interim condensed consolidated financial statements comprise the interim condensed financial statements of the Bank and the following subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the Group):

#### Arab National Investment Company (ANB Invest)

In accordance with the Capital Market Authority (CMA) directives, the Bank has established ANB Invest, a wholly owned subsidiary and a Saudi closed joint stock company registered in the Kingdom under Commercial Registration No. 1010239908 issued on Shawwal 26, 1428H (corresponding to November 7, 2007), to takeover and manage the Bank's investment services and asset management activities consisiting of dealing, managing, arranging, advising and custody of securities regulated by the CMA. The subsidiary commenced its operations effective Muharram 3, 1429H (corresponding to January 12, 2008). Accordingly, the Bank started consolidating the financial statements of the above mentioned subsidiary on Muharram 3, 1429H (corresponding to January 12, 2008). On Muharram 19, 1436H (corresponding to November 12, 2014), the subsidiary changed its legal structure from a limited liability company to a closed joint stock company. The objective of the subsidiary was amended and approved by CMA Board of Commissioners on Muharram 28, 1437H (corresponding to November 10, 2015) through a resolution number S/1/6/14832/15 to include dealing as a principal activity. The objective of the subsidiary was further amended on Sha'ban 26, 1437H (corresponding to June 2, 2016) to provide loans to the subsidiary's customers to trade in financial papers as per the Saudi Central Bank (SAMA) circular No. 371000014867 dated 5/2/1437H, and the CMA's circular No. S/6/16287/15 dated 10/3/1437H.

#### Arabian Heavy Equipment Leasing Company (AHEL)

An 87.5% owned subsidiary (2020: 87.5%) incorporated in the Kingdom, as a Saudi closed joint stock company, under Commercial Registration no 1010267489 issued in Riyadh dated Jumada I 15, 1430H (corresponding to May 10, 2009). The company is engaged in the leasing of heavy equipment and operates in compliance with Shari'ah principles. The Bank started consolidating the subsidiary's financial statements effective May 10, 2009, the date the subsidiary started its operations.

#### **ANB Insurance Agency**

A Saudi limited liability company established during 2013 as a wholly owned subsidiary, registered in the Kingdom under Commercial Registration no. 1010396423 issued in Riyadh dated Muharram 28, 1435H (corresponding to December 1, 2013). The subsidiary obtained its license from SAMA to start its activities in insurance agency and related business on Jumada I 5, 1435H (corresponding to March 6, 2014).

In reference to the Article No (75) of the Insurance Company Control Law, the company requested to discontinue its operation on July 19, 2020 (corresponding to Dhul Qadah 28, 1441H). The request was approved by SAMA on Rabih Al-Akhar 4, 1442H (corresponding to November 19, 2020). The same was communicated to the Ministry of Commerce. The Company is currently in the process of completing the closure procedures with the relevant regulatory bodies.

#### Al-Manzil Al-Mubarak Real Estate Financing Limited

A wholly owned limited liability company, registered in the Kingdom under the commercial registration no. 1010199647 issued in Riyadh dated Jumada I 18, 1425H (corresponding to July 6, 2004). The subsidiary is engaged in the purchase of land and real estate and invest them through sale or rent in favor of the company, maintenance and management of owners and others' assets as guarantee, sale and purchase of real estates for financing purposes as per SAMA approval No. 361000109161 dated 10/8/1436H.

#### **1.** General (continued)

#### ANB Global Markets Limited

The Bank established ANB Global Markets Limited on Muharram 3, 1429H (corresponding to January 31, 2017), as a limited liability company registered in the Cayman Islands. The Bank has 100% (2020: 100%) ownership. The objective of ANB Global Markets Limited is trading in derivatives and Repo activities on behalf of the Bank.

#### 2. Basis of preparation

The interim condensed consolidated financial statements of the Group as at and for the six months ended June 30, 2021 have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34 - Interim Financial Reporting (IAS 34), as endorsed in the Kingdom and other standards and announcements issued by the Saudi Organization for Chartered and Professional Accountants (SOCPA).

These interim condensed consolidated financial statements do not include all information and disclosures required in the annual consolidated financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2020.

These interim condensed consolidated financial statements are expressed in Saudi Arabian Riyals (SAR) and are rounded off to the nearest thousand, except where indicated otherwise.

#### 3. Basis of consolidation

The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting period as that of the Bank, using consistent accounting policies. Adjustments have been made to the financial statements of the subsidiaries where necessary to align them with the Bank's interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

Subsidiaries are investees controlled by the Group. The Group controls an investee when it is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee. The financial statements of subsidiaries are included in the interim condensed consolidated financial statements from the date that control commences until the date that control ceases.

Specifically, the Group controls an investee if and only if it has:

- Power over the investee i.e. existing rights that give it the current ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee;
- Exposure or rights to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and
- The ability to use its power over the investee to affect its returns.

When the Group has less than a majority of the voting or similar rights of an investee, the Group considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether it has power over an investee, including:

- The contractual arrangement with the other vote holders of the investee;
- Rights arising from other contractual arrangements; and
- The Group's voting rights and potential voting rights granted by equity instruments such as shares.

The Group re-assesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control. Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Group obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Group loses control over the subsidiary. Assets, liabilities, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the interim consolidated statement of comprehensive income from the date the Group gains control until the date the Group ceases to control the subsidiary.

If the Group loses control over a subsidiary, it:

- Derecognises the assets (including goodwill) and liabilities of the subsidiary;
- Derecognises the carrying amount of any non-controlling interests;
- Derecognises the cumulative translation differences recorded in equity;
- Recognises the fair value of the consideration received;
- Recognises the fair value of any investment retained;
- Recognises any surplus or deficit in the consolidated statement of income; and
- Reclassifies the Group's share of components previously recognised in other comprehensive income to the
  consolidated statement of income or retained earnings, as appropriate, as would be required if the Group had directly
  disposed of the related assets or liabilities.

#### 3. Basis of consolidation (continued)

Non-controlling interests represent the portion of net income or loss and net assets not owned, directly or indirectly, by the Group and are presented separately in the interim consolidated statement of income and separately from equity holders of the Bank within equity in the interim consolidated statement of financial position. Any losses related to the non-controlling interest in a subsidiary are allocated to non-controlling interest even if doing so causes non-controlling interest to have a deficit balance.

Acquisitions of non-controlling interests are accounted for using the purchase method of accounting, whereby, the difference between the cost of acquisition and the fair value of the share of the net assets acquired is recognised as goodwill.

Transactions with non-controlling interests that do not result in loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions - that is, as transactions with the owners in their capacity as owners. The difference between fair value of any consideration paid and the relevant share acquired of the carrying value of net assets of the subsidiary is recorded in equity. Gains or losses on disposals to non-controlling interests are also recorded in equity.

Non-controlling interest is subsequently adjusted for the Group's share of changes in the equity of the consolidated subsidiary after the date of acquisition.

All intra-group assets and liabilities, equity, income and expenses relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

#### 4. Impact of changes in accounting policies due to adoption of new standards

#### New standards, interpretations and amendments adopted by the Group

The Group has not early adopted any standard, interpretation or amendment that has been issued but is not yet effective. Several amendments apply for the first time in 2021, but do not have an impact on the interim condensed consolidated financial statements of the Group.

• Interest Rate Benchmark Reform – Phase 2: Amendments to IFRS 9, IAS 39, IFRS 7, IFRS 4 and IFRS 16

The amendments provide temporary relief that address the impact on financial reporting when an interbank offered rate (IBOR) is replaced with an alternative nearly risk-free interest rate (RFR). The amendments include the following practical expedients:

- Require contractual changes, or changes to cash flows that are directly required by the reform, to be treated as changes to a floating interest rate, equivalent to a movement in a market rate of interest;
- Permit changes required by IBOR reform to be made to hedge designations and hedge documentation without the hedging relationship being discontinued; and
- Provide temporary relief to entities from having to meet the separately identifiable requirement when an RFR instrument is designated as a hedge of a risk component.

For further details, please refer note 21 to these interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

#### Accounting standards issued but not yet effective

The International Accounting Standard Board (IASB) has issued the following accounting standards and amendments, which are effective from periods on or after January 1, 2022. The Group has opted not to early adopt these pronouncements and they do not have a significant impact on the interim condensed consolidated financial statements of the Group.

- Amendments to IAS 37 Onerous Contracts Cost of Fulfilling a Contract;
- Annual Improvements to IFRS Standards 2018-2020;
- Amendments to IAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment: Proceeds before Intended Use;
- Amendments to IFRS 3 Reference to the Conceptual Framework;
- IFRS 17 Insurance Contracts and its amendments;
- Amendments to IAS 1 Classification of liabilities as current or non-current; and
- Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28 Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture

#### 5. Significant accounting policies

The accounting policies, estimates and assumptions used in the preparation of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements are consistent with those followed in the preparation of the Group's annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2020.

#### 6. **Cash and balances with SAMA**

	June 30 2021 (Unaudited)	December 31 2020 (Audited)	June 30 2020 (Unaudited)
Cash in hand	1,555,059	1,358,600	1,536,450
Statutory deposit	7,118,580	7,294,695	7,287,505
Reverse repo with SAMA	411,000	3,975,890	6,181,000
Other balances	5,448	4,154	6,136
Total	9,090,087	12,633,339	15,011,091

#### Due from banks and other financial institutions 7.

	June 30 2021 (Unaudited)	December 31 2020 (Audited)	June 30 2020 (Unaudited)
Current accounts	956,346	1,088,249	552,012
Money market placements	2,250,624	750	799,477
Less: Impairment	(6,745)	(7,015)	(8,507)
Total	3,200,225	1,081,984	1,342,982

#### 8. Investments, net

Investment securities are classified as follows:

June 30 2021 (Unaudited)	December 31 2020 (Audited)	June 30 2020 (Unaudited)
38,922,356	39,278,082	39,211,907
2,389,160	2,098,464	1,824,491
1,850,937	1,852,935	1,826,315
557,261	558,415	496,789
(19,045)	(13,021)	(17,254)
43,700,669	43,774,875	43,342,248
	2021 (Unaudited) 38,922,356 2,389,160 1,850,937 557,261 (19,045)	2021         2020           (Unaudited)         (Audited)           38,922,356         39,278,082           2,389,160         2,098,464           1,850,937         1,852,935           557,261         558,415           (19,045)         (13,021)

#### Equity investment securities designated as at FVOCI

Dividend income recognised in the interim consolidated statement of income amounted to SAR 42,270 thousand for the six months ended June 30, 2021 (June 30, 2020: SAR 35,402 thousand).

#### 9. Loans and advances, net

Loans and advances are held at amortized cost and comprise the following:

June 30, 2021 (Unaudited)	Overdrafts	Credit cards	Consumer loans	Commercial loans and others	Total
Performing loans and advances, gross	2,859,647	432,187	30,611,484	84,417,078	118,320,396
Non-performing loans and advances, net	36,669	8,076	70,336	3,255,497	3,370,578
Total loans and advances	2,896,316	440,263	30,681,820	87,672,575	121,690,974
ECL allowance	(186,468)	(45,756)	(357,640)	(3,271,094)	(3,860,958)
Loans and advances, net	2,709,848	394,507	30,324,180	84,401,481	117,830,016
December 31, 2020 (Audited)					
Performing loans and advances, gross	2,667,942	385,974	29,149,545	81,124,510	113,327,971
Non-performing loans and advances, net	30,296	5,968	73,956	3,949,483	4,059,703
Total loans and advances	2,698,238	391,942	29,223,501	85,073,993	117,387,674
ECL allowance	(125,645)	(36,527)	(376,968)	(3,485,921)	(4,025,061)
Loans and advances, net	2,572,593	355,415	28,846,533	81,588,072	113,362,613

#### 9. Loans and advances, net (continued)

June 30, 2020 (Unaudited)	Overdrafts	Credit cards	Consumer Ioans	Commercial loans and others	Total
Performing loans and advances, gross	3,495,637	384,766	28,231,548	85,726,380	117,838,331
Non-performing loans and advances, net	4,892	10,450	123,892	2,921,025	3,060,259
Total loans and advances	3,500,529	395,216	28,355,440	88,647,405	120,898,590
Impairment allowance	(136,186)	(35,310)	(400,015)	(3,198,125)	(3,769,636)
Loans and advances, net	3,364,343	359,906	27,955,425	85,449,280	117,128,954

The movement in the Expected credit losses of loans and advances to customers for the six months period ended June 30 are as follows:

	June 30 2021 (Unaudited)	June 30 2020 (Unaudited)
Balance at the beginning of the period	4,025,061	3,401,583
Charge for the period, net	678,379	785,128
Bad debts written off against impairment allowance	(842,482)	(417,075)
Balance at the end of the period	3,860,958	3,769,636

The net impairment charge for credit losses for the period ended June 30, 2021 amounted to SAR 628,976 thousand (June 30, 2020: SAR 706,846 thousand), including bad debts directly written-off to interim consolidated statement of income amounting to SAR 19,759 thousand (June 30, 2020: SAR 8,293 thousand) and net of recoveries amounting to SAR 69,162 thousand (June 30, 2020: SAR 86,575 thousand).

An analysis of changes in the ECL allowance of loans and advances held at amortised cost are as follows:

June 30, 2021 (Unaudited)	12 month ECL	Life time ECL not credit impaired	Lifetime ECL credit impaired	Total
Balance at January 1, 2021	1,013,107	962,832	2,049,122	4,025,061
Transfer to 12-month ECL	40,421	(28,932)	(11,489)	-
Transfer to lifetime ECL not credit impaired	(22,119)	32,648	(10,529)	-
Transfer to lifetime ECL credit impaired	(800)	(21,501)	22,301	-
Charge for the period, net	24,072	(54,114)	708,421	678,379
Write-offs	-	-	(842,482)	(842,482)
Balance at June 30, 2021	1,054,681	890,933	1,915,344	3,860,958
June 30, 2020 (Unaudited)	12 month ECL	Life time ECL not credit impaired	Lifetime ECL credit impaired	Total
Loans and advances to customers at amortized cost Balance at January 1, 2020	788,442	924,022	1,689,119	3,401,583
Transfer to 12-month ECL	33,627	(26,629)	(6,998)	
Transfer to lifetime ECL not credit impaired	(14,225)	27,667	(13,442)	-
Transfer to lifetime ECL credit impaired	(737)	(132,320)	133,057	-
Net charge for the period	233,488	173,616	378,024	785,128
Write-offs		-	(417,075)	(417,075)
Balance at June 30, 2020	1,040,595	966,356	1,762,685	3,769,636

Life time ECL credit impaired (Stage 3) loans and advances includes loss allowance for the non-performing loans portfolio along with the impact of other factors of IFRS 9.

#### 9. Loans and advances, net (continued)

Net allowance charges for expected credit losses and other provisions as reflected in the interim consolidated statement of income are detailed as follows:

For the six month period ended	
June 30 June	
2021	2020
(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
628,976	706,846
9,219	(163,063)
638,195	543,783
	June 30 2021 (Unaudited) 628,976 9,219

#### 10. Investments in associates, net

#### ANBI Business Gate Fund

The Group owned indirectly 25.47% of ANBI Business Gate Fund (the Fund), which is a closed-ended private placement real estate investment fund launched on August 25, 2014 for a period of 5 years starting from the date of closure of the first offering on January 11, 2015. Since its launch the fund was extended a number of times. The last being December 14, 2020 when the unitholders approved an extension to December 31, 2025.

During the quarter the Group sold half of its share to the remaining unitholders for a gain of SAR 8,019 thousand, which was recognised as a realised gain on disposal of investment in an associate in the consolidated statement of income. The Group continues to be:

- Represented by two directors on the Board of Directors;
- Participate in policy making decisions, including a veto right over the sale of assets;
- Provide the majority of the Fund's funding (SAR 1.125 million); and
- Manages the Fund through its subsidiary ANBI.

Accordingly the Group continues to classify its investment in the Fund as an Associate. Details of the Group's other investments in associates can be found in the annual financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2020.

#### 11. Due to banks, SAMA and other financial institutions

	June 30 2021 (Unaudited)	December 31 2020 (Audited)	June 30 2020 (Unaudited)
Current accounts	91,054	103,822	105,305
Money market deposits	1,299,768	1,064,049	3,637,530
Commission free deposits from SAMA	9,360,291	8,629,873	9,065,570
Total	10,751,113	9,797,744	12,808,405

#### 12. Customers' deposits

	June 30 2021 (Unaudited)	December 31 2020 (Audited)	June 30 2020 (Unaudited)
Demand	73,800,360	76,241,408	69,467,880
Time	49,247,388	47,205,310	58,669,201
Saving	246,339	219,031	173,489
Others	6,926,389	5,686,427	5,585,642
Total	130,220,476	129,352,176	133,896,212

#### 13. Derivatives

The table below sets out the positive and negative fair values of derivative financial instruments, together with their notional amounts, analysed by the term to maturity. The notional amounts provide an indication of the volumes of transactions outstanding at the end of the period. It does not necessarily reflect the amounts of future cash flows involved. These notional amounts, therefore, are neither indicative of the Group's exposure to credit risk, which is generally limited to the positive fair value of derivatives, nor to market risk.

#### 13. Derivatives (continued)

	June 30, 2021 (Unaudited)		Dec	December 31, 2020 (Audited)		June 30, 2020 (Unaudited)			
	Positive fair value			Positive fair value	Negative fair value	Notional amount	Positive fair value	Negative fair value	Notional amount
Held for trading:									
Commission rate and cross currency swaps	467,704	434,582	20,391,604	466,134	434,504	18,923,116	501,539	467,223	22,348,297
Commission rate futures and options	490,234	490,740	12,557,615	475,365	476,175	12,622,282	477,329	478,440	14,163,489
Forward foreign exchange and commodity contracts	31,105	6,090	11,998,706	37,719	14,389	4,616,536	38,703	15,811	9,167,099
Currency and commodity options	1,016	461	430,314	290	222	134,364	858	394	276,670
Held as fair value hedges:									
Commission rate swaps	1,348	1,648,594	21,360,282	15,320	2,521,615	23,139,238	2,425	3,472,899	23,470,211
Total	991,407	2,580,467	66,738,521	994,828	3,446,905	59,435,536	1,020,854	4,434,767	69,425,766

Derivatives have been disclosed at gross amounts as at June 30, 2021 and have not been netted off by cash margins placed or received, amounting to SAR 2,600 million (December 31, 2020: SAR 3,828 million; June 30, 2020: SAR 5,094 million).

#### 14. Commitments and contingencies

#### a) Legal proceedings

The Group is subject to legal proceedings in the ordinary course of business. There was no material change in the status of legal proceedings as disclosed at December 31, 2020.

~ .

#### b) Credit related commitments and contingencies

The Group's consolidated credit related commitments and contingencies are as follows:

	June 30	December 31	June 30
	2021	2020	2020
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)	(Unaudited)
Letters of credit	4,793,385	4,793,534	4,242,405
Letters of guarantee	17,043,618	17,250,306	20,168,360
Acceptances	899,998	1,912,386	1,562,793
Irrevocable commitments to extend credit	1,800,673	2,160,489	2,443,247
Others	13,542	16,102	60,844
Total	24,551,216	26,132,817	28,477,649

The unutilised portion of non-firm commitments as at June 30, 2021 that can be revoked unilaterally at any time by the Bank, amounts SAR 14,772 million (December 31, 2020: SAR 18,471 million; June 30, 2020: SAR 19,298 million).

## 15. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents included in the interim consolidated statement of cash flows comprise the following:

	June 30 2021 (Unaudited)	December 31 2020 (Audited)	June 30 2020 (Unaudited)
Cash and balances with SAMA excluding statutory deposit	1,971,507	5,338,644	7,723,586
Due from banks and other financial institutions maturing within 90 days from the acquisition date	3,206,970	1,088,999	1,351,489
Total	5,178,477	6,427,643	9,075,075

#### 16. Zakat and Income Tax

Zakat attributable to Saudi Shareholders for the period ended June 30, 2021 amounted to approximately SAR 128.9 million (June 30, 2020: SAR 128.2 million). Income tax attributable to the non-Saudi Shareholder on the current period's share of net income is SAR 109.5 million (June 30, 2020: SAR 112.4 million). The provision of Zakat and income tax is estimated based on the results of the operations of the Bank for the six month period ended and the consolidated financial position at June 30, 2021.

#### **17. Operating segments**

IFRS 8 requires operating segments to be identified on the basis of internal reports about components of the Group that are regularly reviewed by the chief executive officer in order to allocate resources to segments and to assess their performance.

For management purposes, the Group is organised into the following major operating segments:

#### **Retail banking**

Deposit, credit and investment products for individuals and the Bank's London Branch.

#### **Corporate banking**

Loans and advances, deposits and other credit products for corporate and institutional customers, small to medium sized businesses.

#### Treasury

Manages the Group's trading and investment portfolios and the Group's funding, liquidity, currency and commission rate risks.

#### Investment and brokerage services

Investment management services and asset management activities related to dealing, managing, arranging and advising, and custody of securities.

#### Other

Includes income on capital and unallocated costs, assets and liabilities pertaining to the Head Office and other supporting departments.

Transactions between the operating segments are reported as recorded in the Group's transfer pricing system. The basis for determining intersegment operating income/(expense) for the current period are consistent with the basis used for the year ended December 31, 2020. Segment assets and liabilities comprise mainly operating assets and liabilities.

The Group's primary business is conducted in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia with one international branch in United Kingdom. However, the total assets, liabilities, commitments and results of operations of this branch are not material to the Group's overall interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

The Group's total interim consolidated assets and liabilities as at June 30, 2021 and 2020, its total operating income, expenses and net income for the six month period then ended, by operating segments, are as follows:

## 17. Operating segments (continued)

June 30, 2021 (Unaudited)	Retail banking	Corporate banking	Treasury	Investment and brokerage services	Other	Total
Total assets	43,542,007	77,930,447	57,818,851	507,501	2,077,752	181,876,558
Investments in associates	-	-	-	361,105	775,122	
Total liabilities	67,552,324	65,901,106	16,262,173	72,921	2,028,178	151,816,702
Operating income from external						
customers	1,111,693	1,263,022	422,773	85,898	54,184	2,937,570
Intersegment operating income/(expense)	(147,581)	(357,503)	453,952	-	51,132	-
Total operating income	964,112	905,519	876,725	85,898	105,316	2,937,570
Of which:						
Net special commission income	902,866	716,897	568,347	16,141	105,479	2,309,730
Fees and commission income, net	19,335	181,297	3,212	68,399	(21,428)	250,815
Impairment charges for ECL and						
other provisions, net	110,090	528,105	-	-	-	638,195
Reversal of impairment charges for other financial assets, net			(6,256)			(6,256)
Depreciation and amortisation	- 82,360	- 4,550	(0,250) 638	- 2,648	- 15,004	105,200
Total operating expenses	756,742	855,274	53,202	35,623	15,004	1,701,001
Share in earnings of associates, net					48,833	48,833
Net income attributed to equity					10,000	10,000
holders of the Bank	207,370	50,268	823,499	32,578	(58,723)	1,054,992
Net income attributed to non-						
controlling interest	-	-	-	-	(3,961)	(3,961)
June 30, 2020 (Unaudited) Total assets	40 750 049				1 200	
	40,759,948	8 80,209,604	4 64,215,068			
Investments in associates			-	- 515,830	-	
Total liabilities Operating income/(expense) from	66,376,435	5 70,709,909	9 19,649,160	) 73,733	2,027,3	158,836,404
external customers	1,073,297	7 1,793,219	) (16,321	) 105,967	3.	178 2,959,340
Intersegment operating	_,,	_,: ,	(,	,	-7	
income/(expense)	148,690	) (610,748	) 356,573	3.	· 105,4	485 -
Total operating income Of which:	1,221,987	7 1,182,471	L 340,252	2 105,967	108,6	563 2,959,340
Net special commission income	1,114,619	970,842	2 285,470	0 16,343	102,5	534 2,489,808
Fees and commission income, net	44,679					
Impairment charges for ECL and						
other provisions, net	123,030	) 420,753	3			- 543,783
Reversal of impairment charges for other financial assets, net		<b>_</b> .	- (3,440	) .		- (3,440)
Depreciation and amortisation	84,420	) 6,134	-	-	18,9	
Total operating expenses	762,625	-				
Share in earnings of associates, net	-	-	-		· 21,0	
Net income attributed to equity						
holders of the Bank	459,362	2 442,184	4 302,893	3 51,385	6 (126,0	85) 1,129,739
Net income attributed to non-					_	
controlling interest		-	_		· (1,8	38) (1,838)

#### 18. Share capital, bonus shares and earnings per share

As at June 30, 2021, the authorized, issued and fully paid share capital of the Bank consists of 1,500 million shares of SAR 10 each (December 31, 2020 and June 30, 2020; 1,500 million shares of SAR 10 each).

During the period ended June 30, 2021 the Board recommended to pay cash dividends of SAR 525 million (June 30, 2020: nil) for the period ended June 30, 2021. After deducting zakat this proposed final dividend will result in a net payment of SAR 0.40 per share to Saudi shareholders. The income tax liability of the foreign shareholders will be deducted from their share of dividends.

The proposed dividends as at December 31, 2020 were approved by the General Assembly at their meeting dated March 30, 2021.

Basic and diluted earnings per share for the period ended June 30, 2021 and 2020 is calculated by dividing the net income for the period attributable to the equity holders of the Bank by 1,500 million shares to give a retroactive effect of change in the number of shares increased as a result of the bonus share issue. The diluted earnings per share is the same as the basic earnings per share.

## 19. Fair values of financial assets and liabilities

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

i) In the accessible principal market for the asset or liability; or

ii) In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous accessible market for the asset or liability.

The fair values of on-balance sheet financial instruments are not significantly different from their carrying amounts included in the interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

The Bank uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of financial instruments:

- Level 1: quoted prices in active markets for the same instrument (i.e., without modification or repacking);
- Level 2: quoted prices in active markets for similar assets and liabilities or other valuation techniques for which all significant inputs are based on observable market data; and
- Level 3: valuation techniques for which any significant input is not based on observable market data.

#### a. Carrying amounts and fair value

The following table shows the carrying amount and fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities, including their levels in the fair value hierarchy. It does not include fair value hierarchy information for financial assets and financial liabilities not measured at fair value if the carrying amount is a reasonable approximation of fair value.

#### 19. Fair values of financial assets and liabilities (continued)

## a. Carrying amounts and fair value (continued)

**Financial assets** 

Financial assets					
	Carrying		-	value	
June 30, 2021 (Unaudited)	value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets measured at fair value					
Investments at FVIS	557,261	-	94,442	462,819	557,261
Investments at FVOCI	4,240,097	2,402,636	1,836,568	893	4,240,097
Positive fair value of derivatives	991,407	-	991,407	-	991,407
Financial assets not measured at fair value					
Due from banks and other financial institutions	3,200,225	-	-	-	3,200,225
Investments at amortised cost	38,922,356	-	40,330,435	-	40,330,435
Loans and advances	117,830,016	-	-	123,205,214	123,205,214
	Carrying		Fair	value	
December 31, 2020 (Audited)	value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets measured at fair value					
Investments at FVIS	558,415	-	185,418	372,997	558,415
Investments at FVOCI	3,951,399	2,097,133	1,853,373	893	3,951,399
Positive fair value of derivatives	994,828	-	994,828	-	994,828
Financial assets not measured at fair value					
Due from banks and other financial institutions	1,081,984	-	-	-	1,081,984
Investments at amortised cost	39,265,061	-	41,522,238	-	41,522,238
Loans and advances	113,362,613	-	-	119,841,435	119,841,435
	Carrying		Fair	value	
June 30, 2020 (Unaudited)	value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets measured at fair value					
Investments at FVIS	496,789	-	136,753	360,036	496,789
Investments at FVOCI	3,650,806	1,823,598	1,826,315	893	3,650,806
Positive fair value of derivatives	1,020,854	-	1,020,854	-	1,020,854
Financial assets not measured at fair value					
Due from banks and other financial institutions	1,342,982	-	-	-	1,342,982
Investments at amortised cost	39,194,653	-	38,844,277	-	38,844,277
Loans and advances	117,128,954	-	-	123,343,160	123,343,160

#### 19. Fair values of financial assets and liabilities (continued)

#### a. Carrying amounts and fair value (continued)

**Financial Liabilities** 

	Carrying		Fair	value	
June 30, 2021 (Unaudited)	value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial liabilities measured at fair value					
Negative fair value of derivatives Financial liabilities not measured at fair value	2,580,467		2,580,467		2,580,467
Due to banks and other financial institutions	10,751,113				10,751,113
Customers' deposits	130,220,476				130,220,476
Sukuk	2,828,704			2,908,772	2,908,772
	Carrying —		Fair val	ue	
December 31, 2020 (Audited)	value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial liabilities measured at fair value					
Negative fair value of derivatives	3,446,905	-	3,446,905	-	3,446,905
Financial liabilities not measured at fair value Due to banks, SAMA and other financial institutions	9,797,744	_	_	_	9,797,744
Customers' Deposits	129,352,176	_	_	_	129,352,176
Sukuk	2,829,654	-	- 2,8	829,654	2,829,654
			Fair	value	
June 30, 2020 (Unaudited)	Carrying value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial liabilities measured at fair value					
Negative fair value of derivatives Financial liabilities not measured at fair value	4,434,767	-	4,434,767	-	4,434,767
Due to banks and other financial institutions	12,808,405	-	-	-	12,808,405
Customers' deposits	133,896,212	-	-	-	133,896,212
Sukuk	2,012,345	-	-	2,005,049	2,005,049

#### b. Measurement of fair values

#### i. Transfer between levels of the fair value hierarchy

There have been no transfers within levels of the fair value hierarchy during the six month period ended June 30, 2021 and 2020.

#### ii. Level 3 fair values

The following table show a reconciliation from the opening balances for Level 3 fair values.

	June 30	, 2021	Ju	ne 30, 2020
	Investments at FVIS	Investments at FVOCI	Investments at FVIS	Investments at FVOCI
Balance at the beginning of the	372,997	893	487,000	893
Total Unrealised gain / (loss) in consolidated statement of income	e <b>61,382</b>	-	(126,923)	-
Settlements / adjustments	1,498	-	(41)	
Balance at the end of the period	435,877	893	360,036	893

#### **19.** Fair values of financial assets and liabilities (continued)

#### b. Measurement of fair values (continued)

#### iii. Valuation technique and significant unobservable inputs

The following table shows the valuation techniques used in measuring level 2 and Level 3 fair values at June 30, 2021 and 2020 and December 31, 2020 as well as the significant unobservable inputs used.

Туре	Valuation technique	Significant unobservable inputs	Inter-relationship between significant unobservable inputs and fair value measurement
FVTPL investments	Fair value is determined based on the investee fund's most recent reported net assets value.	None	Not applicable
FVOCI investments classified as Level 2 include plain vanilla bonds for which market quotes are not available	Fair valued using discounted cash flow techniques that use observable market data inputs for yield curves and credit spreads.	None	Not applicable
FVOCI investments classified as Level 3 include Private Equity Funds	Fair value is determined based on the fund's most recent reported net assets value.	None	Not applicable
Derivatives classified as Level 2 are comprised of over the counter special commission rate swaps, currency swaps, special commission rate futures and options, spot and forward foreign exchange contracts, currency and commodity options and other derivative financial instruments	These instruments are fair valued using the Bank's proprietary valuation models that are based on discounted cash flow techniques. The data inputs on these models are based on observable market parameters relevant to the markets in which they are traded and are sourced from widely used market data service providers.	None	Not applicable
Financial assets and liabilities that are disclosed at fair value and classified as Level 2 include investments held at amortized cost	These instruments are fair valued using discounted cash flow techniques that use observable market data inputs for yield curves and credit spreads.	Additional buffer is added to account for any potential model discrepancy or any stressed market conditions.	Not applicable
Financial assets and liabilities that are disclosed at fair value and classified as Level 3 include loans and advances and debt issuances	These instruments are fair valued using discounted cash flow techniques that use observable market data inputs for yield curves and credit spreads.	Additional buffer is added to the credit spreads to account for any potential model discrepancy or any stressed market conditions.	The higher the credit spread, the lower is the valuation; vice versa.

#### 20. Capital Adequacy

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to comply with the capital requirements set by SAMA; to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern; and to maintain a strong capital base. During the period, the Group has fully complied with regulatory capital requirements.

The Group monitors the adequacy of its capital using ratios established by SAMA. These ratios measure capital adequacy by comparing the Group's eligible capital with its interim consolidated statement of financial position assets, commitments and notional amounts of derivatives at a weighted amount to reflect their relative risk.

SAMA has issued the framework and guidance regarding implementation of the capital reforms under Basel III. Accordingly, the Group's Pillar I consolidated Risk Weighted Assets (RWA), total capital and related ratios are as follows:

	June 30 2021 (Unaudited)	December 31 2020 (Audited)	June 30 2020 (Unaudited)
Credit Risk RWA	140,288,739	140,270,140	148,638,215
Operational Risk RWA	14,322,877	14,022,208	13,736,254
Market Risk RWA	2,392,796	1,120,163	1,360,392
Total Pillar-I RWA	157,004,412	155,412,511	163,734,861
Tier I Capital Tier II Capital	30,583,289 4,009,160	30,285,615 3,953,227	28,978,205 3,189,100
Total Tier I & II Capital	34,592,449	34,238,842	32,167,305
Capital Adequacy Ratio %			
Tier I ratio	19.48%	19.49%	17.70%
Tier I + Tier II ratio	22.03%	22.03%	19.65%

The Group maintains an actively managed capital base to cover risks inherent in the business. The adequacy of the Group's capital is monitored using, among other measures, the rules and ratios established by the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision as adopted by the SAMA in supervising the Bank.

#### 21. Impact of Covid-19 on Expected Credit Losses (ECL) and SAMA programs

The Coronavirus ("COVID-19") pandemic continues to disrupt global markets as many geographies are experiencing multiple waves of infections despite having previously controlled the outbreak through aggressive precautionary measures. The Government of the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, however, managed to successfully control the outbreak to date.

During 2020 management performed a detailed assessment to ascertain the impact of the pandemic and resultant government and SAMA support measures, such as repayment holidays and other mitigating packages, have had on the financing portfolio. The Group continues to make updates within its ECL model to refine the application of the staging criteria due to SICR on affected customers to be able to differentiate and reflect appropriately in its models:

- Customers whose credit quality appear to have deteriorated on a permanent basis and thus the Group is required to recognise lifetime ECL losses on such exposures;
- Customers whose credit quality have either stayed stable (due to the offsetting nature of availing government programs) or have declined but the decline is deemed to be temporary as the customer may have sound fundamentals to emerge strongly post lockdown.

The Group also continues to evaluate the current situation through conducting stress-testing scenarios of expected movements in key macroeconomic indicators (e.g. oil prices, GDP etc.) and its impact on key credit, liquidity, operational and solvency ratios and performance indicators in addition to other risk management practices. The steps taken by management also includes a periodic review of credit exposure concentrations at a more granular level with particular focus on specific economic sectors, regions, counterparties and collateral protection thereby conducting timely review and taking appropriate customer credit rating actions and initiating restructuring of loans, where required. The credit reviews also take into consideration the impact of the government and SAMA support relief programs.

#### 21. Impact of Covid-19 on Expected Credit Losses (ECL) and SAMA programs (continued)

During the period ended June 30, 2021, the Group has revised certain inputs and assumptions (including but not limited to macroeconomic factors and scenario probabilities) used for the determination of ECL. This resulted in additional ECL of SAR 182.9 million (June 30, 2020 : 218 million).

To the extent that certain effects cannot be fully incorporated into the ECL model calculations at this point in time, management continues to exercise expert credit judgement to estimate ECL by considering reasonable and supportable information not already included in the quantitative models.

As with any forecasts, the projections and likelihoods of occurrence are underpinned by significant judgement and uncertainty and therefore, the actual outcomes may be different to those projected. The impact of such uncertain economic environment is judgmental and the Group will continue to reassess its position and the related impact on a regular basis.

#### SAMA support programs and initiatives

#### Private Sector Financing Support Program ("PSFSP")

In response to COVID-19, SAMA launched the Private Sector Financing Support Program ("PSFSP") in March 2020 to provide the necessary support to eligible (Stage 1 and Stage 2) Micro Small and Medium Enterprises ("MSME") as defined by SAMA via Circular No. 381000064902 dated 16 Jumada II 1438H. The PSFSP mainly encompasses the following programs:

- Deferred payments program (DPP);
- Funding for lending program;
- Loan guarantee program; and
- Point of sale ("POS") and e-commerce service fee support program.

As part of the deferred payments program launched by SAMA in March 2020 and with further extensions to the program subsequently announced, the Group deferred payments on lending facilities to MSME. The payment reliefs were considered as short-term liquidity support to address borrowers' potential cash flow shortages. The Group implemented the payment reliefs by deferring instalments falling due from March 14, 2020 to June 30, 2021 amounting to SAR 5.7 billion and extended the tenure of the applicable loans at no additional costs to the customer.

Further to the above, SAMA on June 22, 2021 announced the extension of the DPP for three additional months from July 1, 2021 to September 30, 2021, for MSMEs that are still affected by the COVID-19 precautionary measures. SAMA clarified that for this extension MSMEs will be subject to the assessment by the banks to the extent to which these MSMEs are still affected by the COVID-19 precautionary measures, in order to be qualified for the extension in accordance with the DPP guidelines issued by SAMA in the above announcement. The Group has performed an assessment to determine the pool of customers eligible for deferment and accordingly has deferred the installment falling due from July 1, 2021 to September 30, 2021 amounting to SAR 616 million and extended the tenure of the applicable loans at no additional costs to the customer. This resulted in the Group recognizing an additional modification loss of 14.2 million.

The accounting impact of the above changes in terms of the credit facilities were assessed and treated as per the requirements of IFRS 9 as modification in terms of arrangement. This resulted in total modification losses amounting to SAR 233.5 million for the six-month period ended June 30, 2021 (June 30, 2020: SAR 103.6 million).

During the six months period ended June 30, 2021, SAR 127.1 million (June 30,2020: SAR 25.8 million) has been recognized in the statement of income relating to unwinding of modification losses.

The Group continues to believe that in the absence of other factors, participation in the deferment program on its own, is not considered a significant increase in credit risk for assessment of ECL on its MSME portfolio. The Group has performed as assessment with respect to SICR and concluded that no further overlay was required.

#### 21. Impact of Covid-19 on Expected Credit Losses ("ECL") and SAMA programs (continued)

In order to compensate the related cost that the Group is expected to incur under the SAMA and other public authorities program, during the year 2020 and the six month period ended June 30, 2021, the Group received profit free deposits from SAMA amounting to SAR 9.72 billion with varying maturities, which qualify as government grants.

Management determined based on communication from SAMA that the government grant primarily relates to compensation for the modification loss incurred on the deferral of payments. The benefit of the subsidised funding rate has been accounted for in accordance with government grant accounting requirements. Management has exercised certain judgements in the recognition and measurement of this grant income. By the end of the year 2020, total income of SAR 184.4 million had been recognised in the statement of income with the remaining amount deferred. Grant income amounting to SAR 9.7 million arose on the profit free deposit amounting to SAR 4.6 billion received during the six-month period ended June 30, 2021. During the six months period ended June 30, 2021, a total of SAR 233.5 million (June 30, 2020: Nil) has been recognised in the statement of income with respect to related deposits with an aggregate of SAR 35.4 million deferred grant income as at June 30, 2021 (June 30, 2020: Nil).

As at June 30, 2021, the Group has participated in SAMA's facility guarantee programs and the accounting impact for the period is immaterial.

Furthermore, during the six months period ended June 30, 2021, the Group has recognised reimbursement from SAMA for the forgone POS and e-commerce service fee amounting to SAR 45.3 million (June 30, 2020: Nil).

SAMA liquidity support for the Saudi banking sector amounting to SAR 50 billion in line with its monetary and financial stability mandate, SAMA injected SAR 50 billion into the banking sector to:

- enhance the liquidity in the banking sector and enable it to continue its role in providing credit facilities to private sector companies;
- restructure current credit facilities without any additional fees;
- support plans to maintain employment levels in the private sector; and
- provide relief for a number of banking fees that have been waived for customers.

In this regard, during 2020, the Group received a SAR 4.02 billion profit free deposit with one-year maturity. Management has determined based on the communication received from SAMA that this government grant primarily relates to liquidity support. The benefit of the subsidised funding rate has been accounted for in accordance with government grant accounting requirements. This resulted in in the Group recognising total income of SAR 71.9 million out of which SAR 14.6 million has been recognised in the consolidated statement of income during the period ended June 30, 2021 (June 30, 2020: Nil). This deposit has been repaid during the quarter ended June 30, 2021.

#### 22. IBOR Transition (Interest Rate Benchmark Reforms):

A fundamental review and reform of major interest rate benchmarks is being undertaken globally. The IASB followed a two-phased process for amending its guidance to assist in a smooth transition away from IBOR.

Phase (1) - The first phase of amendments to IFRS 9 Financial Instruments, IAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement and IFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures focused on hedge accounting issues and specific hedge accounting requirements to provide relief from the potential effects of the uncertainty caused by IBOR reform. The amendments were effective from 1 January 2020 and are mandatory for all hedge relationships directly affected by IBOR reform. The Group has adopted these amendments along with the hedging relief for pre-replacement hedges.

#### 22. IBOR Transition (Interest Rate Benchmark Reforms): (continued)

Phase (2) - The second phase relates to the replacement of benchmark rates with alternative risk-free rates. Currently, there is uncertainty as to the timing and the methods of transition for phase 2. As a result of these uncertainties, IBOR continues to be used as a reference rate in financial markets and is used in the valuation of instruments with maturities that exceed the expected end date for IBOR.

The LIBOR administrator, ICE Benchmark Administration, is consulting on ceasing publication of all sterling LIBOR settings at the end of 2021, leaving just one year for firms to remove their remaining reliance on these benchmarks.

On 5 March 2021, the Financial Conduct Authority (FCA), the UK regulator, announced that all LIBOR settings for all currencies will either cease or no longer be representative immediately after the following dates:

- 31 December 2021, for Sterling, Euro, Swiss Franc and Japanese Yen LIBOR settings in all tenors, and US Dollar LIBOR 1-week and 2-month settings; and
- 30 June 2023, for US Dollar Overnight, 1-month, 3-month, 6-month and 12-month settings.

These reforms are expected to cause some interest rate benchmarks to either perform differently to the way that they do currently or to disappear. As the Group believes there continues to be uncertainty as to the timing and the methods for transition, under the Phase 1 amendments, IBOR continues to be used as a reference rate as at 30 June 2021 in the valuation of instruments with maturities that exceed the expected end date for IBORs in various jurisdictions and applying to various currencies.

The Group has an insignificant number of contracts that reference GBP LIBOR and extend beyond 2021, including swaps that will transition under ISDA protocols.

During 2019 the Board established a steering committee, consisting of key finance, risk, IT, treasury, legal and compliance personnel and external advisors, to oversee the Group's GBP LIBOR transition plan. This steering committee put in place a transition project for those contracts which reference GBP LIBOR to transition them to SONIA, with the aim of minimising the potential disruption to business and mitigating operational and conduct risks and possible financial losses.

This transition project is considering changes to systems, processes, risk management and valuation models, as well as managing related tax and accounting implications. As at 30 June 2020, changes required to systems, processes and models have been identified. specific changes to contracts required by IBOR reform have not yet been proposed or agreed. The Group has identified that the areas of most significant risk arising from the replacement of GBP LIBOR are: updating systems and processes which capture GBP LIBOR referenced contracts; amendments to those contracts, or existing fallback/transition clauses not operating as anticipated; mismatches in timing of derivatives and loans transitioning from GBP LIBOR and the resulting impact on economic risk management; and updating hedge designations. The Group continues to engage with industry participants, to ensure an orderly transition to SONIA and to minimise the risks arising from transition, and it will continue to identify and assess risks associated with GBP LIBOR replacement.

Management is running a project on the Group's overall transition activities and continues to engage with various stakeholders to support an orderly transition. The project is significant in terms of scale and complexity and will impact products, internal systems and processes.

#### 23. Board of Directors' approval

The interim condensed consolidated financial statements were approved by the Board on 23 Dhu al-Hijjah, 1442 (corresponding to 02 August, 2021).