



Arab National Bank

(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)

Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

For the period ended 30th June 2019



Deloitte.

**Deloitte and Touche & Co.
Chartered Accountants**

**Independent Auditors' Review Report on
Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements**

To: The Shareholders of Arab National Bank
(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying interim consolidated statement of financial position of Arab National Bank ("the Bank") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as "the Group") as at 30 June 2019, and the related interim consolidated statements of income and comprehensive income for the three and six months period then ended and the related interim consolidated statements of changes in equity and cash flows for the six month period then ended, and other explanatory notes (the "interim condensed consolidated financial statements"). Management is responsible for the preparation and presentation of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements in accordance with International Accounting Standard No. 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" ("IAS 34") as endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these interim condensed consolidated financial statements based on our review.

Scope of Review

We conducted our review in accordance with International Standard on Review Engagements 2410, "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity", as endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing that are endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying interim condensed consolidated financial statements are not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with IAS 34 as endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia.

Other Regulatory Matters

As required by Saudi Arabian Monetary Authority ("SAMA"), certain capital adequacy information has been disclosed in note (20) to the accompanying interim condensed consolidated financial statements. As part of our review, we compared the information in note (20) to the relevant analysis prepared by the Bank for submission to SAMA and found no material inconsistencies.

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(4 August 2019)



ARAB NATIONAL BANK
(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)
INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION
Amounts in SAR '000

	June 30 2019 (Unaudited)	December 31 2018 (Audited) Restated	June 30 2018 (Unaudited) Restated
Notes			
ASSETS			
Cash and balances with SAMA	6 10,369,394	22,980,266	14,215,313
Due from banks and other financial institutions	7 834,931	1,134,048	2,411,457
Positive fair value of derivatives	12 1,253,293	1,580,334	1,785,052
Investments, net	8 32,452,416	27,857,183	26,943,153
Loans and advances, net	9 119,746,213	121,038,239	117,485,697
Investments in associates	886,553	887,276	622,305
Other real estate	220,697	220,697	220,697
Investment property, net	-	-	1,614,163
Property and equipment, net	2,251,932	1,552,491	1,632,991
Other assets	2,885,037	1,104,298	917,721
Total assets	170,900,466	178,354,832	167,848,549
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY			
Liabilities			
Due to banks and other financial institutions	10 1,402,690	1,536,602	3,702,564
Negative fair value of derivatives	12 2,122,709	1,291,384	1,297,074
Customers' deposits	11 131,911,948	142,055,608	129,333,510
Other liabilities	6,012,721	4,894,002	6,105,245
Sukuk	2,020,601	2,020,491	2,017,996
Total liabilities	143,470,669	151,798,087	142,456,389
Equity			
Equity attributable to equity holders of the Bank			
Share capital	17 15,000,000	10,000,000	10,000,000
Statutory reserve	7,000,000	10,000,000	10,000,000
Other reserves	133,989	(7,263)	97,828
Retained earnings	5,260,099	5,677,522	4,619,461
Proposed dividends	-	850,000	-
Total equity attributable to equity holders of the Bank	27,394,088	26,520,259	24,717,289
Non-controlling interests	35,709	36,486	674,871
Total equity	27,429,797	26,556,745	25,392,160
Total liabilities and equity	170,900,466	178,354,832	167,848,549

The accompanying notes 1 to 22 form an integral part of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

ARAB NATIONAL BANK
(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)
INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF INCOME
Amounts in SAR '000 (Unaudited)

	Notes	For the three month period ended		For the six month period ended	
		June 30 2019	June 30 2018 Restated	June 30 2019	June 30 2018 Restated
Special commission income		1,953,973	1,642,157	3,890,836	3,172,960
Special commission expense		516,507	370,488	1,088,529	707,169
Net special commission income		1,437,466	1,271,669	2,802,307	2,465,791
Fees and commission income, net		159,060	160,666	301,684	344,312
Exchange income, net		90,152	100,716	183,286	196,703
Unrealized gain on FVTPL financial instruments, net		3,336	17,545	5,591	16,706
Trading (loss) / income, net		(4,383)	7,242	(8,937)	17,329
Dividend income		29,876	21,368	47,150	25,572
Gain / (loss) on sale of FVOCI debt financial assets, net		-	105	-	(208)
Other operating income, net		18,436	66,938	36,016	113,203
Total operating income		1,733,943	1,646,249	3,367,097	3,179,408
Salaries and employee related expenses		314,122	309,705	638,388	620,954
Rent and premises related expenses		15,532	39,624	29,183	77,913
Depreciation and amortization		63,797	51,600	131,733	103,174
Other general and administrative expenses		146,134	151,905	298,465	293,886
Impairment charges for credit losses and other provisions, net	9	187,584	174,365	335,576	349,225
Impairment charges / (reversal of impairment charges) for other financial assets, net		(6,902)	4,024	6,732	(5,633)
Total operating expenses		720,267	731,223	1,440,077	1,439,519
Net operating income		1,013,676	915,026	1,927,020	1,739,889
Share in earnings / (losses) of associates, net		11,063	5,541	17,302	(917)
Net income before zakat and income tax		1,024,739	920,567	1,944,322	1,738,972
Zakat for the period	15	58,484	94,200	127,404	194,400
Income Tax for the period	15	72,240	77,680	144,480	129,600
Net income for the period		894,015	748,687	1,672,438	1,414,972
Attributable to:					
Equity holders of the Bank		894,244	747,221	1,673,215	1,411,599
Non-controlling interests		(229)	1,466	(777)	3,373
Net income for the period		894,015	748,687	1,672,438	1,414,972
Basic and diluted earnings per share (expressed in SAR per share)	17	0.60	0.50	1.11	0.94

The accompanying notes 1 to 22 form an integral part of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

ARAB NATIONAL BANK
(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)
INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
Amounts in SAR '000 (Unaudited)

	<u>For the three month period ended</u>		<u>For the six month period ended</u>	
	June 30 2019	June 30 2018 Restated	June 30 2019	June 30 2018 Restated
Net income for the period	894,015	748,687	1,672,438	1,414,972
Other comprehensive income				
Items that cannot be reclassified to interim consolidated statement of income in subsequent periods				
<i>Equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income:</i>				
- Net changes in fair value	(6,597)	71,091	99,474	154,956
Items that can be reclassified to interim consolidated statement of income in subsequent periods				
<i>Debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income:</i>				
- Net changes in fair value	2,754	6,834	28,738	(1,472)
- Net amounts transferred to interim consolidated statement of income	(2,458)	(2,586)	(794)	(2,273)
Total other comprehensive (loss) / income for the period	(6,301)	75,339	127,418	151,211
Total comprehensive income for the period	887,714	824,026	1,799,856	1,566,183
Attributable to:				
Equity holders of the Bank	887,943	822,560	1,800,633	1,562,810
Non-controlling interests	(229)	1,466	(777)	3,373
Total comprehensive income for the period	887,714	824,026	1,799,856	1,566,183

The accompanying notes 1 to 22 form an integral part of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

ARAB NATIONAL BANK
(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)
INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
For the six month period ended June 30, 2019 and 2018
Amounts in SAR `000 (Unaudited)

		Attributable to equity holders of the Bank								
		Other Reserves								
		Share capital	Statutory reserve	FVOCI	Actuarial losses on defined benefit plan	Retained earnings	Proposed dividends	Total	Non-controlling interests	Total equity
<u>2019</u>	Notes									
Restated balance at December 31, 2018		10,000,000	10,000,000	73,216	(80,479)	5,677,522	850,000	26,520,259	36,486	26,556,745
Impact of adopting IFRS 16 at January 1, 2019	5	-	-	-	-	(76,804)	-	(76,804)	-	(76,804)
Changes in equity for the period:										
Net changes in fair values of FVOCI equity investments				99,474	-	-	-	99,474	-	99,474
Net changes in fair values of FVOCI debt instruments				28,738	-	-	-	28,738	-	28,738
Net transfers to interim consolidated statement of income				(794)	-	-	-	(794)	-	(794)
Net income for the period				-	-	1,673,215	-	1,673,215	(777)	1,672,438
Total comprehensive income for the period				127,418	-	1,673,215	-	1,800,633	(777)	1,799,856
Net loss on derecognition of FVOCI equity investments	8			13,834	-	(13,834)	-	-	-	-
Bonus shares	17	5,000,000	(3,000,000)	-	-	(2,000,000)	-	-	-	-
2018 final dividends		-	-	-	-	-	(850,000)	(850,000)	-	(850,000)
Balance at the end of the period		15,000,000	7,000,000	214,468	(80,479)	5,260,099	-	27,394,088	35,709	27,429,797
<u>2018</u>										
Balance at the beginning of the period (as previously reported)		10,000,000	10,000,000	(11,197)	(59,817)	3,161,167	650,000	23,740,153	696,278	24,436,431
Impact of change in accounting policy for zakat and income tax	5	-	-	-	-	64,326	-	64,326	-	64,326
Restated balance at January 1, 2018		10,000,000	10,000,000	(11,197)	(59,817)	3,225,493	650,000	23,804,479	696,278	24,500,757
Changes in equity for the period:										
Net changes in fair values of FVOCI equity investments				154,956	-	-	-	154,956	-	154,956
Net changes in fair values of FVOCI debt instruments				(1,472)	-	-	-	(1,472)	-	(1,472)
Net transfers to interim consolidated statement of income				(2,273)	-	-	-	(2,273)	-	(2,273)
Net income for the period (restated)				-	-	1,411,599	-	1,411,599	3,373	1,414,972
Total comprehensive income for the period				151,211	-	1,411,599	-	1,562,810	3,373	1,566,183
Net loss on derecognition of FVOCI equity investments	8			17,631	-	(17,631)	-	-	-	-
Distribution from a subsidiary				-	-	-	-	-	(24,780)	(24,780)
2017 final dividends				-	-	-	(650,000)	(650,000)	-	(650,000)
Balance at the end of the period (restated)		10,000,000	10,000,000	157,645	(59,817)	4,619,461	-	24,717,289	674,871	25,392,160

The accompanying notes 1 to 22 form an integral part of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

ARAB NATIONAL BANK
(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)
INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
For the six month period ended June 30
Amounts in SAR '000 (Unaudited)

	<u>Notes</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u> Restated
OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Net income before zakat and income tax		1,944,322	1,738,972
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash (used in) / from operating activities:			
Amortization of premium on investments not held as FVTPL, net		1,081	1,057
Special commission expense on Sukuk		43,475	36,568
Losses on investments not held as FVTPL, net		-	208
Unrealized gains on revaluation of investments as FVTPL, net		(5,591)	(16,706)
Dividend income		(47,150)	(25,572)
Depreciation of investment property		-	12,400
Depreciation and amortization of property and equipment		131,733	103,174
Losses on disposal of property and equipment, net		3,446	1,394
Impairment charges for credit losses and other provisions, net		335,576	349,225
Impairment charges / (reversal of impairment charges) for other financial assets, net		6,732	(5,633)
Share in (earnings) / losses of associates, net		(17,302)	917
		2,396,322	2,196,004
Net (increase) / decrease in operating assets:			
Statutory deposit with SAMA		(73,398)	111,496
Investments held at FVTPL		8,307	(448,555)
Positive fair value of derivatives		327,041	(841,292)
Loans and advances		1,172,143	(3,838,579)
Other assets		(1,825,348)	(99,494)
Net increase / (decrease) in operating liabilities:			
Due to banks and other financial institutions		(133,912)	1,011,015
Negative fair value of derivatives		831,326	441,172
Customers' deposits		(10,143,660)	(6,795,425)
Other liabilities		(620,249)	1,357,074
Net cash used in operating activities		(8,061,428)	(6,906,584)
INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from sale and maturities of investments not held as FVTPL		946,570	7,250,629
Purchase of investments not held as FVTPL		(4,451,142)	(1,535,161)
Investment in associate		7,864	-
Purchase of property and equipment		(37,802)	(45,322)
Proceeds from sale of property and equipment		-	2,354
Dividends received		47,150	25,572
Net cash (used in) / from investing activities		(3,487,360)	5,698,072
FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Dividends paid		(909,018)	(646,062)
Zakat and income tax paid		(478,646)	(308,613)
Special commission paid on sukuk		(43,365)	(34,846)
Non-controlling interest from distributions from a subsidiary		-	(24,780)
Net cash used in financing activities		(1,431,029)	(1,014,301)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(12,979,817)	(2,222,813)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period		17,094,956	11,772,360
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	14	4,115,139	9,549,547
Special commission received during the period		3,670,880	3,126,145
Special commission paid during the period		(895,253)	(583,668)
Supplemental non-cash information			
Net changes in fair value of investments held at fair value through other comprehensive income		128,212	153,484

The accompanying notes 1 to 22 form an integral part of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

ARAB NATIONAL BANK
(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)
Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements
For the six month period ended June 30, 2019 and 2018

1. General

Arab National Bank (a Saudi Joint Stock Company, the Bank) was formed pursuant to Royal Decree No. M/38 dated Rajab 18, 1399H (corresponding to June 13, 1979). The Bank commenced business on February 2, 1980 by taking over the operations of Arab Bank Limited in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. The Bank operates under Commercial Registration No. 1010027912 dated Rabi Awal 1, 1400H (corresponding to January 19, 1980) through its 139 branches (June 30, 2018: 140 branches) in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia and one branch in the United Kingdom. The address of the Bank's head office is as follows:

Arab National Bank
P.O. Box 56921
Riyadh 11564
Kingdom of Saudi Arabia

The objective of the Bank is to provide a full range of banking services. The Bank also provides its customers non-commission based banking products which are approved and supervised by an independent Shariah Board established by the Bank.

The interim condensed consolidated financial statements comprise the interim condensed financial statements of the Bank and its following subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the Group):

Arab National Investment Company (ANB Invest)

In accordance with the Capital Market Authority (CMA) directives, the Bank has established ANB Invest, a wholly owned subsidiary (directly and indirectly), a Saudi closed joint stock company, registered in the Kingdom under Commercial Registration No. 1010239908 issued on Shawwal 26, 1428H (corresponding to November 7, 2007), to takeover and manage the Bank's investment services and asset management activities related to dealing, managing, arranging, advising and custody of securities regulated by the CMA. The subsidiary commenced its operations effective Muharram 3, 1429H (corresponding to January 12, 2008). Accordingly, the Bank started consolidating the financial statements of the above mentioned subsidiary effective January 12, 2008. On Muharram 19, 1436H (corresponding to November 12, 2014), the subsidiary changed its legal structure from a limited liability company to a closed joint stock company. The objective of the subsidiary was amended and approved by CMA Board of Commissioners on Muharram 28, 1437H (corresponding to November 10, 2015) through a resolution number S/1/6/14832/15 to include dealing as a principal activity. The objective of the subsidiary was further amended on Sha'ban 26, 1437H (corresponding to June 2, 2016) to provide loans to the subsidiary's customers to trade in financial papers as per the Saudi Arabian Monetary Authority's circular No. 371000014867 dated 5/2/1437H, and the CMA's circular No. S/6/16287/15 dated 10/3/1437H.

Arabian Heavy Equipment Leasing Company (AHEL)

An 87.5% owned subsidiary incorporated in the Kingdom, as a Saudi closed joint stock company, under Commercial Registration no 1010267489 issued in Riyadh dated Jumada I 15, 1430H (corresponding to May 10, 2009). The company is engaged in the leasing of heavy equipment and operates in compliance with Shari'ah principles. The Bank started consolidating the subsidiary's financial statements effective May 10, 2009, the date the subsidiary started its operations. On May 6, 2014 the Bank increased its ownership percentage in this subsidiary from 62.5% to reach 87.5%.

ANB Insurance Agency

A Saudi limited liability company established during 2013 as a wholly owned subsidiary, registered in the Kingdom under Commercial Registration no. 1010396423 issued in Riyadh dated Muharram 28, 1435H (corresponding to December 1, 2013). The subsidiary obtained its license from the Saudi Arabian Monetary Authority (SAMA) to start its activities in insurance agency and related business on Jumada I 5, 1435H (corresponding to March 6, 2014).

Al-Manzil Al-Mubarak Real Estate Financing Ltd.

A wholly owned limited liability company, registered in the Kingdom under the commercial registration no. 1010199647 issued in Riyadh dated Jumada I 18, 1425H (corresponding to July 6, 2004). The subsidiary is engaged in the purchase of lands and real estates and invest them through sale or rent in favor of the company, maintenance and management of owners and others' assets as guarantee, sale and purchase of real estates for financing purposes as per SAMA approval No. 361000109161 dated 10/8/1436H.

ARAB NATIONAL BANK
(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)
Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)
For the six month period ended June 30, 2019 and 2018

1. General (continued)

ANB Global Markets Limited

The Bank established on January 31, 2017 ANB Global Markets Limited, as a limited liability company registered in the Cayman Islands. The Bank has 100% ownership. The objective of ANB Global Markets Limited is trading in derivatives and Repo activities on behalf of the Bank.

Change in status of a subsidiary

The Bank owns indirectly 25.47% of ANBI Business Gate Fund (the Fund), which is a closed-ended private placement real estate investment fund launched on August 25, 2014 for a period of 5 years starting from date of closure of first offering on January 11, 2015. CMA has been informed of the offering of the Fund through letter number 8/14//411 dated Shawwal 9, 1435H (corresponding to August 5, 2014). The Fund's purpose is to acquire real estate assets, an income generating real estate property located in the city of Riyadh, out of which the Fund will receive rental and hotel operating income over the Fund term.

The Fund was consolidated as a subsidiary until September 2018. Thereafter, the Group has reassessed its control over the Fund and after considering the Fund Board composition and other factors concluded that the Group does not control the relevant activities of the Fund, effective October 2018, though, significant influence over the Fund is still retained by the Group. Accordingly, the Group has discontinued consolidation of the Fund in its interim condensed consolidated financial statements and has accounted for the Fund as an associate.

2. Basis of preparation

The interim condensed consolidated financial statements of the Group as at and for the period ended June 30, 2019 have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34 Interim Financial Reporting ("IAS 34") as endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia.

The consolidated financial statements of the Group as at and for the period and year ended March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, respectively, were prepared in compliance with the IAS 34 and the International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") respectively, as modified by SAMA for the accounting of zakat and income tax (relating to the application of IAS 12 – "Income Taxes" and IFRIC 21 – "Levies" so far as these relate to zakat and income tax) and the Banking Control Law and the Regulations for Companies in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia.

On July 17, 2019, SAMA instructed the banks in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia to account for the zakat and income taxes in the statement of income. This aligns with the IFRS and its interpretations as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and as endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia (collectively referred to as "IFRS as endorsed in KSA").

Accordingly, the Group changed its accounting treatment for zakat and income tax by retrospectively adjusting the impact in line with International Accounting Standard 8 Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors (as disclosed in note 4) and the effects of this change are disclosed in note 5 to the interim condensed consolidated financial statements).

These interim condensed consolidated financial statements do not include all information and disclosures required in the annual consolidated financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2018. Further, there are some additional disclosure requirements pertaining to IFRS 7, as a result of above change in framework which will be disclosed in the annual financial statements for the year ending December 31, 2019.

These interim condensed consolidated financial statements are expressed in Saudi Arabian Riyals (SAR) and are rounded off to the nearest thousand, except where indicated otherwise.

3. Basis of consolidation

The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting period as that of the Bank, using consistent accounting policies. Adjustments have been made to the financial statements of the subsidiaries where necessary to align them with the Bank's interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

ARAB NATIONAL BANK
(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)
Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)
For the six month period ended June 30, 2019 and 2018

3. Basis of consolidation (continued)

Subsidiaries are investees controlled by the Group. The Group controls an investee when it is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee. The financial statements of subsidiaries are included in the interim condensed consolidated financial statements from the date that control commences until the date that control ceases.

Specifically, the Group controls an investee if and only if the Group has:

- Power over the investee (i.e. existing rights that give it the current ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee);
- Exposure, or rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and
- The ability to use its power over the investee to affect its returns.

When the Group has less than a majority of the voting or similar rights of an investee, the Group considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether it has power over an investee, including:

- The contractual arrangements with the other vote holders of the investee;
- Rights arising from other contractual arrangements; and
- The Group's voting rights and potential voting rights granted by equity instruments such as shares.

The Group re-assesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control. Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Group obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiary. Assets, liabilities, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the period are included in the interim consolidated statement of comprehensive income from the date the Group gains control until the date the Group ceases to control the subsidiary.

If the Group loses control over a subsidiary, it:

- Derecognises the assets (including goodwill) and liabilities of the subsidiary;
- Derecognises the carrying amount of any non-controlling interests;
- Derecognises the cumulative translation differences recorded in equity;
- Recognises the fair value of the consideration received;
- Recognises the fair value of any investment retained;
- Recognises any surplus or deficit in profit or loss; and
- Reclassifies the Group's share of components previously recognised in Other Comprehensive Income to profit or loss or retained earnings, as appropriate, as would be required if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities.

Non-controlling interests represent the portion of net income or loss and net assets not owned, directly or indirectly, by the Bank and are presented separately in the interim consolidated statement of income and within equity in the interim consolidated statement of financial position, separately from the equity holders of the Bank. Any losses applicable to the non-controlling interests in a subsidiary are allocated to the non-controlling interests even if doing so causes the non-controlling interests to have a deficit balance. Acquisitions of non-controlling interests are accounted for using the purchase method of accounting, whereby, the difference between the cost of acquisition and the fair value of the share of the net assets acquired is recognized as goodwill.

Transactions with non-controlling interests that do not result in loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions – that is, as transactions with the owners in their capacity as owners. The difference between fair value of any consideration paid and the relevant share acquired of the carrying value of net assets of the subsidiary is recorded in equity. Gains or losses on disposals to non-controlling interests are also recorded in equity.

Non-controlling interests are subsequently adjusted for their share of changes in equity of the consolidated subsidiary after the date of acquisition.

All intra-group assets and liabilities, equity, income and expenses relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

4. Significant accounting policies

The accounting policies, estimates and assumptions used in the preparation of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements are consistent with those followed in the preparation of the Group's annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2018 except for the policies explained below.

ARAB NATIONAL BANK
(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)
Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)
For the six month period ended June 30, 2019 and 2018

4. Significant accounting policies (continued)

Right of Use (RoU) Assets / Lease Liabilities

On initial recognition, at inception of the contract, the Group shall assess whether the contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. Control is identified if most of the benefits are flowing to the Group and the Group can direct the usage of such assets.

Right of Use Assets

Group apply cost model, and measure right of use asset at cost;

- a) less any accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses; and
- b) adjusted for any re-measurement of the lease liability for lease modifications.

Lease Liability

On initial recognition, the lease liability is the present value of all remaining payments to the lessor. After the commencement date, Group measures the lease liability by:

1. Increasing the carrying amount to reflect interest on the lease liability;
2. Reducing the carrying amount to reflect the lease payments made; and
3. Re-measuring the carrying amount to reflect any re-assessment or lease modification.

Change in the accounting for Zakat and income tax:

As mentioned above, the basis of preparation has been changed for the period ended June 30, 2019 as a result of the issuance of latest instructions from SAMA dated July 17, 2019. Previously, zakat and income tax were recognized in the statement of changes in equity as per the SAMA circular no 381000074519 dated April 11, 2017. With the latest instructions issued by SAMA dated July 17, 2019, the zakat and income tax shall be recognized in the statement of income. The Group has accounted for this change in the accounting for zakat and income tax retrospectively and the effects of the above change are disclosed in note 5 to the interim condensed consolidated financial statements. The change has resulted in reduction of reported income of the Group for the period ended June 30, 2018 by SR 324 million. The change has had no impact on the statement of cash flows for the period ended June 30, 2018.

Income tax:

The income tax expense or credit for the period is the tax payable on the current period's taxable income, based on the applicable income tax rate for each jurisdiction, adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences and to unused tax losses.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period in the countries where the company and its subsidiaries and associates operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions, where appropriate, on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

Adjustments arising from the final income tax assessments are recorded in the period in which such assessments are made. The income tax expense or credit for the period is the tax payable on the current period's taxable income based on the applicable income tax rate adjusted for the changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to the temporary differences and to the unused tax losses.

IFRIC Interpretation 23 Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatment

The Interpretation addresses the accounting for income taxes when tax treatments involve uncertainty that affects the application of IAS 12 Income Taxes. It does not apply to taxes or levies outside the scope of IAS 12, nor does it specifically include requirements relating to interest and penalties associated with uncertain tax treatments. The Interpretation specifically addresses the following:

- Whether an entity considers uncertain tax treatments separately
- The assumptions an entity makes about the examination of tax treatments by taxation authorities
- How an entity determines taxable profit (tax loss), tax bases, unused tax losses, unused tax credits and tax rates
- How an entity considers changes in facts and circumstances

An entity has to determine whether to consider each uncertain tax treatment separately or together with one or more other uncertain tax treatments. The approach that better predicts the resolution of the uncertainty needs to be followed.

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4. Significant accounting policies (continued)

The Group applies significant judgement in identifying uncertainties over income tax treatments. Since the Group operates in a complex multinational environment, it assessed whether the Interpretation had an impact on its consolidated financial statements.

Upon adoption of the Interpretation, the Group considered whether it has any uncertain tax positions, particularly those relating to transfer pricing. The Company's and the subsidiaries' tax filings in different jurisdictions include deductions related to transfer pricing and the taxation authorities may challenge those tax treatments. The Group determined, based on its tax compliance and transfer pricing study, that it is probable that its tax treatments (including those for the subsidiaries) will be accepted by the taxation authorities. The Interpretation did not have an impact on the consolidated financial statements of the Group.

Deferred income tax:

Deferred income tax is provided using the liability method on temporary differences arising between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and amounts used for the taxation purposes. The amount of deferred tax provided is based on the expected manner of realization or settlement of the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities using the tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date. A deferred tax asset is recognized only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available and the credits can be utilized. Deferred tax asset is reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefits will be realized.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are not recognised for temporary differences between the carrying amount and tax bases of investments in foreign operations where the Group is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that the differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset where there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and where the deferred tax balances relate to the same taxation authority. Current tax assets and tax liabilities are offset where the entity has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Current and deferred tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognised

Zakat:

The Group is subject to Zakat in accordance with the regulations of the General Authority of Zakat and Income Tax ("GAZT"). Zakat expense is charged to the profit or loss. Zakat is not accounted for as income tax and as such no deferred tax is calculated relating to zakat.

5. Impact of changes in accounting policies

a. Impact of changes in accounting policies due to adoption of new standard

Effective January 1, 2019 the Group has adopted a new accounting standard, the impact of the adoption of this standard is explained below:

IFRS 16 Leases

Before January 1, 2019, the Group follow Accounting for leases:

i) Where the Group is a lessee

Leases entered into by the Group are all operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are charged to the interim consolidated statement of income on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

Penalties paid to a lessor when an operating lease is terminated before the lease period has expired, is recognized as an expense in the period in which termination takes place.

ii) Where the Group is a lessor

When assets are sold under a finance lease, including Shari'ah compliant leases, the present value of the lease payments is recognized as a receivable and disclosed under loans and advances. The difference between the gross receivable and the present value of the receivable is recognized as unearned finance income. Lease income is recognized over the term of the lease using the effective yield basis, which reflects a constant periodic rate of return.

The Group adopted IFRS 16 'Leases' the standard replaces the existing guidance on leases, including IAS 17 'Leases', IFRIC 4 'Determining whether an Arrangement contains a Lease', SIC 15 "Operating Leases – Incentives" and SIC 27 "Evaluating the Substance of Transactions in the Legal Form of a Lease".

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5. Impact of changes in accounting policies due to adoption of new standard (continued)

IFRS 16 Leases (continued)

IFRS 16 was issued in January 2016 and is effective for annual periods commencing on or after January 1, 2019. IFRS 16 stipulates that all leases and the associated contractual rights and obligations should generally be recognized in the Group's statement of financial position, unless the term is 12 months or less or the lease for low value asset. Thus, the classification required under IAS 17 "Leases" into operating or finance leases is eliminated for Lessees. For each lease, the lessee recognizes a liability for the lease obligations incurred in the future. Correspondingly, a right to use the leased asset is capitalized, which is generally equivalent to the present value of the future lease payments plus directly attributable costs and which is amortized over the useful life.

The Group has opted for the modified retrospective application permitted by IFRS 16 upon adoption of the new standard. During the first time application of IFRS 16 to operating leases, the right to use the leased assets was generally measured at the amount of lease liability, using the interest rate at the time of first time application. IFRS 16 transition disclosures also requires the Group to present the reconciliation the off-balance sheet lease obligations as of December 31, 2018 are reconciled as follows to the recognized the lease liabilities as of January 1, 2019.

RECONCILIATION OF LEASE LIABILITIES

	SAR '000
Off-balance sheet lease obligations as of December 31, 2018	415,843
Operating lease obligations as of January 1, 2019 (Gross without discounting)	415,843
Operating lease obligations as of January 1, 2019 (net, discounted)	328,716
Reasonably certain extension or termination option	500,298
Lease liabilities due to initial application of IFRS 16 as January 1, 2019	829,014

b. Impact of changes in accounting for zakat and income tax

The change in the accounting for zakat and income tax (as explained in note 4) has the following impact on the line items of the statements of income, statement of financial position and changes in shareholders' equity:

As at and for the six month period ended June 30, 2018:

Financial statement impacted	Account	Before the restatement for the six-month period ended June 30, 2018	Effect of restatement	As restated as at and for the six-month period ended June 30, 2018
Statement of changes in Equity	Provision for zakat (retained earnings)	194,400	(194,400)	-
	Provision for income tax (retained earnings)	129,600	(129,600)	-
Statement of income	Zakat for the period	-	194,400	194,400
	Income tax for the period	-	129,600	129,600
	Earnings per share (expressed in SAR per share)	1.16	(0.22)	0.94
Statement of financial position	Other assets (deferred tax asset)	-	64,326	64,326

As at and for the three month period ended June 30, 2018:

Financial statement impacted	Account	Before the restatement for the six-month period ended June 30, 2018	Effect of restatement	As restated as at and for the six-month period ended June 30, 2018
Statement of changes in Equity	Provision for zakat (retained earnings)	94,200	(94,200)	-
	Provision for income tax (retained earnings)	77,680	(77,680)	-
Statement of income	Zakat for the period	-	94,200	94,200
	Income tax for the period	-	77,680	77,680
	Earnings per share (expressed in SAR per share)	0.61	(0.11)	0.50
Statement of financial position	Other assets (deferred tax asset)	-	64,326	64,326

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5. Impact of changes in accounting policies due to adoption of new standard (continued)

b. Impact of changes in accounting for zakat and income tax (continued)

As at December 31, 2018

Financial statement impacted	Account	Before the restatement for the six-month period ended June 30, 2018	Effect of restatement	As restated as at and for the six-month period ended June 30, 2018
Statement of financial position	Other assets (deferred tax asset)	-	64,326	64,326
Statement of financial position	Retained earnings	5,613,196	64,326	5,677,522

As at January 1, 2018

Financial statement impacted	Account	Before the restatement for the six-month period ended June 30, 2018	Effect of restatement	As restated as at and for the six-month period ended June 30, 2018
Statement of financial position	Other assets (deferred tax asset)	-	64,326	64,326
Statement of financial position	Retained earnings	3,161,167	64,326	3,225,493

6. Cash and balances with SAMA

	June 30 2019 (Unaudited)	December 31 2018 (Audited)	June 30 2018 (Unaudited)
Cash in hand	2,101,640	1,642,662	2,726,192
Statutory deposit	7,095,207	7,021,809	7,077,223
Reverse repo with SAMA	1,172,000	14,312,000	4,389,000
Other balances	547	3,795	22,898
Total	10,369,394	22,980,266	14,215,313

7. Due from banks and other financial institutions

	June 30 2019 (Unaudited)	December 31 2018 (Audited)	June 30 2018 (Unaudited)
Current accounts	549,131	563,753	625,116
Money market placements	291,821	572,746	1,790,764
Less: Impairment	(6,021)	(2,451)	(4,423)
Total	834,931	1,134,048	2,411,457

8. Investments, net

Investment securities are classified as follows:

	June 30 2019 (Unaudited)	December 31 2018 (Audited)	June 30 2018 (Unaudited)
Investments at amortized cost	27,947,999	23,539,433	22,442,113
Investments at FVOCI - equity	1,087,610	988,140	1,046,322
Investments at FVOCI - debt	2,901,542	2,824,286	2,948,479
Investments at FVTPL	530,561	516,663	514,459
Less: Impairment	(15,296)	(11,339)	(8,220)
Total	32,452,416	27,857,183	26,943,153

Equity investment securities designated as at FVOCI

Certain equity investments designated at FVOCI were disposed off during the period and cumulative net loss transferred within the equity related to these investments was amounted to SAR 13,834 thousands (June 30, 2018: SAR 17,631 thousands). Dividend income recognized in the interim consolidated statement of income amounted to SAR 31,123 thousands for the six months period ended June 30, 2019 (June 30, 2018: SAR 25,572 thousands).

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9. Loans and advances, net

Loans and advances (all held at amortized cost) comprise the following:

	Overdrafts	Credit cards	Consumer loans	Commercial loans and others	Total
June 30, 2019 (Unaudited)					
Performing loans and advances, gross	3,549,781	475,394	25,806,871	91,348,756	121,180,802
Non-performing loans and advances, net	4,938	9,300	100,064	1,385,420	1,499,722
Total loans and advances	3,554,719	484,694	25,906,935	92,734,176	122,680,524
Impairment allowance	(44,241)	(36,193)	(375,107)	(2,478,770)	(2,934,311)
Loans and advances, net	3,510,478	448,501	25,531,828	90,255,406	119,746,213
December 31, 2018 (Audited)					
Performing loans and advances, gross	3,694,867	496,547	24,387,163	93,641,280	122,219,857
Non-performing loans and advances, net	5,364	11,727	93,141	1,385,454	1,495,686
Total loans and advances	3,700,231	508,274	24,480,304	95,026,734	123,715,543
Impairment allowance	(22,066)	(35,953)	(432,806)	(2,186,479)	(2,677,304)
Loans and advances, net	3,678,165	472,321	24,047,498	92,840,255	121,038,239
June 30, 2018 (Unaudited)					
Performing loans and advances, gross	3,768,140	488,749	23,967,241	89,988,641	118,212,771
Non-performing loans and advances, net	18,202	12,242	131,552	1,741,505	1,903,501
Total loans and advances	3,786,342	500,991	24,098,793	91,730,146	120,116,272
Impairment allowance	(46,800)	(47,301)	(440,594)	(2,095,880)	(2,630,575)
Loans and advances, net	3,739,542	453,690	23,658,199	89,634,266	117,485,697

The movement in the allowance for impairment of loans and advances to customers for the six month period ended June 30 are as follows:

	June 30 2019 (Unaudited)	June 30 2018 (Unaudited)
Impairment allowance balance as reported at the beginning of the period	2,677,304	2,253,542
Amounts restated through opening retained earnings	-	386,180
Adjusted impairment allowance balance at the beginning of the period	2,677,304	2,639,722
Charge for the period, net	411,691	459,393
Bad debts written off against impairment allowance	(154,684)	(468,540)
Balance at the end of the period	2,934,311	2,630,575

Impairment charge for credit losses, net for the period ended June 30, 2019 amounted to SAR 361,752 thousand (June 30, 2018: SAR 425,481 thousand), including bad debts directly written-off to interim consolidated statement of income amounting to SAR 18,356 thousand (June 30, 2018: SAR 45,514 thousand) and net of recoveries amounting to SAR 68,295 thousand (June 30, 2018: SAR 79,426 thousand)

An analysis of charges in impairment allowance of loans and advances is as follows:

	12 month ECL	Life time ECL not credit impaired	Lifetime ECL credit impaired	Total
June 30, 2019 (Unaudited)				
Loans and advances to customers at amortized cost				
Balance at January 1, 2019	431,022	1,122,906	1,123,376	2,677,304
Transfer to 12-month ECL	83,389	(72,519)	(10,870)	-
Transfer to lifetime ECL not credit - impaired	(21,335)	43,737	(22,402)	-
Transfer to lifetime ECL credit impaired	(574)	(12,243)	12,817	-
Net charge for the period	108,199	158,595	144,897	411,691
Write-offs	-	-	(154,684)	(154,684)
Balance at June 30, 2019	600,701	1,240,476	1,093,134	2,934,311

"Life time ECL credit impaired (Stage 3)" includes loss allowance for non-performing loans portfolio along with the impact of other factors to IFRS 9.

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9. Loans and advances, net (continued)

Impairment charges for credit losses and other provisions, net as reflected in the interim consolidated statement of income are detailed as follows:

	For the six month period ended	
	June 30 2019 (Unaudited)	June 30 2018 (Unaudited)
Impairment charges for credit losses, net	361,752	425,481
Reversal of provisions for credit-related commitments and contingencies, net	(26,176)	(76,256)
	335,576	349,225

10. Due to banks and other financial institutions

	June 30 2019 (Unaudited)	December 31 2018 (Audited)	June 30 2018 (Unaudited)
Current accounts	125,859	576,979	145,536
Money market deposits	1,276,831	959,623	3,557,028
Total	1,402,690	1,536,602	3,702,564

11. Customers' deposits

	June 30 2019 (Unaudited)	December 31 2018 (Audited)	June 30 2018 (Unaudited)
Demand	63,092,225	65,759,753	66,800,661
Time	62,513,035	67,888,136	58,664,116
Saving	137,292	112,263	109,234
Others	6,169,396	8,295,456	3,759,499
Total	131,911,948	142,055,608	129,333,510

12. Derivatives

The table below sets out the positive and negative fair values of derivative financial instruments, together with their notional amounts, analysed by the term to maturity. The notional amounts, which provide an indication of the volumes of the transactions outstanding at the end of the period, do not necessarily reflect the amounts of future cash flows involved. These notional amounts, therefore, are neither indicative of the Group's exposure to credit risk, which is generally limited to the positive fair value of the derivatives, nor to market risk.

	June 30, 2019 (Unaudited)			December 31, 2018 (Audited)			June 30, 2018 (Unaudited)		
	Positive fair value	Negative fair value	Notional amount	Positive fair value	Negative fair value	Notional amount	Positive fair value	Negative fair value	Notional amount
Held for trading:									
Commission rate and cross currency swaps	625,007	584,976	20,911,215	671,122	630,828	20,242,545	646,520	610,146	19,458,899
Commission rate futures and options	595,879	594,148	13,095,151	619,698	617,373	13,189,978	660,819	658,233	13,223,835
Forward foreign exchange and commodity contracts	27,986	3,985	2,072,899	31,059	7,489	4,898,307	39,667	13,541	5,279,242
Currency and commodity options	-	52	11,208	2,383	1,691	134,026	2,448	2,501	202,395
Held as fair value hedges:									
Commission rate swaps	4,421	939,548	21,077,337	256,072	34,003	17,150,089	435,598	12,653	16,411,152
Total	1,253,293	2,122,709	57,167,810	1,580,334	1,291,384	55,614,945	1,785,052	1,297,074	54,575,523

Derivatives have been disclosed at gross amounts as at the date of the interim consolidated statement of financial position, and have not been netted off by cash margins placed and received against derivatives, amounting to SAR 1,625.4 million placed (December 31, 2018: SAR 45.6 million received, and June 30, 2018: SAR 298.7 million placed).

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13. Commitments and contingencies

a) Legal proceedings

The Group is subject to legal proceedings in the ordinary course of business. There was no material change in the status of legal proceedings as disclosed at December 31, 2018.

b) Credit related commitments and contingencies

The Group's consolidated credit related commitments and contingencies are as follows:

	June 30 2019 (Unaudited)	December 31 2018 (Audited)	June 30 2018 (Unaudited)
Letters of credit	4,734,884	5,090,864	5,037,331
Letters of guarantee	21,812,914	22,693,597	23,129,859
Acceptances	1,380,309	1,230,059	1,683,116
Irrevocable commitments to extend credit	2,989,025	2,654,459	3,141,604
Others	83,618	86,030	89,925
Total	<u>31,000,750</u>	<u>31,755,009</u>	<u>33,081,835</u>

The unutilized portion of non-firm commitments as at June 30, 2019 which can be revoked unilaterally at any time by the Bank, amounts SAR 17,365 million (December 31, 2018: SAR 13,536 million and June 30, 2018: SAR 13,938 million).

14. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents included in the interim consolidated statement of cash flows comprise the following:

	June 30 2019 (Unaudited)	December 31 2018 (Audited)	June 30 2018 (Unaudited)
Cash and balances with SAMA excluding statutory deposit	3,274,187	15,958,457	7,138,090
Due from banks and other financial institutions maturing within 90 days from the acquisition date	840,952	1,136,499	2,411,457
Total	<u>4,115,139</u>	<u>17,094,956</u>	<u>9,549,547</u>

15. Zakat and Income Tax

On March 14, 2019, the General Authority of Zakat and Tax (the "GAZT") has issued new zakat rules through Ministerial Decree No. 2215 which provides the basis for the calculation of Zakat for companies engaged in financing activities and licensed by SAMA. The new Zakat regulations are issued pursuant to the Zakat Implementing Regulations and are applicable for the periods from January 1, 2019. Despite providing a new basis for calculating the Zakat base, Zakat liability for the Saudi shareholders will continue to be calculated at 2.5% of the Zakat base.

Zakat for the period ended June 30, 2019 attributable to Saudi Shareholders amounted to approximately SAR 127.4 million (June 30, 2018: SAR 194.4 million). Income tax payable by the non-Saudi Shareholder on the current period's share of net income is SAR 144.5 million (June 30, 2018: SAR 129.6 million). The provision of Zakat and income tax liability is estimated based on the results of operations of the Bank for the six month period ended and the consolidated financial position at June 30, 2019.

16. Operating segments

IFRS 8 requires operating segments to be identified on the basis of internal reports about components of the Group that are regularly reviewed by the chief executive officer in order to allocate resources to segments and to assess its performance.

For management purposes, the Group is organized into the following major operating segments:

Retail banking

Deposit, credit and investment products for individuals.

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16. Operating segments (continued)

Corporate banking

Loans and advances, deposits and other credit products for corporate and institutional customers, small to medium sized businesses, and the Bank's London Branch.

Treasury

Manages the Bank's trading and investment portfolios and the Bank's funding, liquidity, currency and commission rate risks.

Investment and brokerage services

Investment management services and asset management activities related to dealing, managing, arranging and advising, and custody of securities.

Other

Includes income on capital and unallocated costs, assets and liabilities pertaining to the Head Office and other supporting departments.

Transactions between the operating segments are reported as recorded in the Group's transfer pricing system. The basis for determining intersegment operating income/(expense) for the current period are consistent with the basis used for June 30, 2018. Segment assets and liabilities comprise mainly operating assets and liabilities.

The Group's primary business is conducted in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia with one international branch in London. However, the total assets, liabilities, commitments and results of operations of this branch are not material to the Group's overall interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

The Group's total interim consolidated assets and liabilities as at June 30, 2019 and 2018, its total operating income, expenses and net income for the six month period then ended, by operating segments, are as follows:

June 30, 2019 (Unaudited)	Retail banking	Corporate banking	Treasury	Investment and brokerage services	Other	Total
Total assets	40,822,067	83,334,023	44,762,184	91,797	1,890,395	170,900,466
Investments in associates	-	-	-	-	886,553	886,553
Total liabilities	67,871,143	68,341,833	5,455,248	60,289	1,742,156	143,470,669
Operating income/(expense) from external customers	1,109,968	2,235,729	(31,745)	49,384	3,761	3,367,097
Intersegment operating income/(expense)	212,377	(967,537)	604,254	-	150,906	-
Total operating income	1,322,345	1,268,192	572,509	49,384	154,667	3,367,097
Of which:						
Net special commission income	1,166,422	1,042,097	414,501	21,621	157,666	2,802,307
Fees and commission income, net	62,816	219,426	4,535	31,257	(16,350)	301,684
Impairment charges for credit losses and other provisions, net	53,327	282,249	-	-	-	335,576
Impairment charges for other financial assets, net	-	-	6,732	-	-	6,732
Depreciation and amortization	82,058	4,014	593	939	44,129	131,733
Total operating expenses	684,721	613,708	56,371	29,893	55,384	1,440,077
Share in earnings of associates, net	-	-	-	-	17,302	17,302
Net income attributed to equity holders of the Bank	543,936	654,484	516,137	19,491	(60,833)	1,673,215
Net income attributed to non-controlling interest	-	-	-	-	777	777

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16. Operating segments (continued)

June 30, 2018 (Unaudited)	Retail banking	Corporate banking	Treasury	Investment and brokerage services	Other	Total
Total assets (restated)	37,938,011	84,188,166	41,914,512	1,711,012	2,096,848	167,848,549
Investments in associates	-	-	-	-	622,305	622,305
Total liabilities	67,622,057	65,674,674	6,578,739	123,713	2,457,206	142,456,389
Operating income from external customers	991,101	1,961,322	51,348	105,031	70,606	3,179,408
Intersegment operating income/(expense)	158,927	(754,168)	482,643	-	112,598	-
Total operating income	1,150,028	1,207,154	533,991	105,031	183,204	3,179,408
Of which:						
Net special commission income	1,036,948	1,005,557	290,211	17,647	115,428	2,465,791
Fees and commission income, net	74,190	222,378	5,073	30,928	11,743	344,312
Impairment charges for credit losses and other provisions, net	90,517	258,708	-	-	-	349,225
Reversal of impairment charges for other financial assets, net	-	-	(5,633)	-	-	(5,633)
Depreciation and amortization	51,884	3,953	806	1,027	45,504	103,174
Total operating expenses	875,926	441,456	40,869	43,326	37,942	1,439,519
Share in losses of associates, net	-	-	-	-	(917)	(917)
Net income attributed to equity holders of the Bank (restated)	274,102	765,698	493,122	61,705	(183,028)	1,411,599
Net income attributed to non-controlling interest	-	-	-	-	3,373	3,373

17. Share capital, bonus shares and earnings per share

As at June 30, 2019, the authorized, issued and fully paid share capital of the Bank consists of 1,500 million shares of SAR 10 each (December 31, 2018 and June 30, 2018: 1,000 million shares of SAR 10 each).

The Board of Directors has proposed a bonus issue of 500 million shares of SAR 10 each, through transfer of SAR 3 billion and SAR 2 billion from statutory reserves and retained earnings respectively, which was approved in the shareholders' extraordinary general assembly meeting, held on March 27, 2019.

Basic and diluted earnings per share for the period ended June 30, 2019 and 2018 is calculated by dividing the net income for the period attributable to the equity holders of the Bank by 1,500 million shares to give a retroactive effect of change in the number of shares increased as a result of the bonus share issue. The diluted earnings per share is the same as the basic earnings per share.

18. Interim Dividend

An interim dividend of SAR 750 million from the net income for the six-month period ended June 30, 2018 (June 30, 2018 : SAR 550 million) has been approved on July 04, 2019 for payment to shareholders. After deducting zakat, this interim dividend will result in a net payment of SAR 0.50 per share (June 30, 2018 : SAR 0.55 per share) to the Saudi shareholders. The income tax liability of the foreign shareholders will be deducted from their share of the dividend.

19. Fair values of financial assets and liabilities

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- i) In the accessible principal market for the asset or liability; or
- ii) In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous accessible market for the asset or liability.

The fair values of on-balance sheet financial instruments are not significantly different from their carrying amounts included in the interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

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19. Fair values of financial assets and liabilities (continued)

Determination of fair value and fair value hierarchy

The Bank uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of financial instruments:

Level 1: quoted prices in active markets for the same instrument (i.e., without modification or repacking);

Level 2: quoted prices in active markets for similar assets and liabilities or other valuation techniques for which all significant inputs are based on observable market data; and

Level 3: valuation techniques for which any significant input is not based on observable market data.

a. Carrying amounts and fair value

The following table shows the carrying amount and fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities, including their levels in the fair value hierarchy for financial instruments. It does not include fair value hierarchy information for financial assets and financial liabilities not measured at fair value if the carrying amount is a reasonable approximation of fair value.

Financial assets

June 30, 2019 (Unaudited)	Carrying value	Fair value			Total
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
Financial assets measured at fair value					
Investments at FVTPL	530,561	-	46,783	483,778	530,561
Investments at FVOCI	3,989,152	1,085,311	2,901,948	1,893	3,989,152
Positive fair value of derivatives	1,253,293	-	1,253,293	-	1,253,293
Financial assets not measured at fair value					
Due from banks and other financial institutions	834,931	-	-	-	834,931
Investments at amortised cost	27,932,703	-	28,579,167	-	28,579,167
Loans and advances	119,746,213	-	-	123,380,046	123,380,046

December 31, 2018 (Audited)	Carrying value	Fair value			Total
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
Financial assets measured at fair value					
Investments at FVTPL	516,663	-	40,480	476,183	516,663
Investments at FVOCI	3,812,426	985,839	2,824,694	1,893	3,812,426
Positive fair value of derivatives	1,580,334	-	1,580,334	-	1,580,334
Financial assets not measured at fair value					
Due from banks and other financial institutions	1,134,048	-	-	-	1,134,048
Investments at amortised cost	23,528,094	-	23,341,740	-	23,341,740
Loans and advances	121,038,239	-	-	122,887,396	122,887,396

Financial Liabilities

June 30, 2019 (Unaudited)	Carrying value	Fair value			Total
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
Financial liabilities measured at fair value					
Negative fair value of derivatives	2,122,709	-	2,122,709	-	2,122,709
Financial liabilities not measured at fair value					
Due to banks and other financial institutions	1,402,690	-	-	-	1,402,690
Customer deposits	131,911,948	-	-	-	131,911,948
Sukuk	2,020,601	-	-	1,996,744	1,996,744

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19. Fair values of financial assets and liabilities (continued)

a. Carrying amounts and fair value (continued)

Financial Liabilities (continued)

December 31, 2018 (Audited)	Carrying value	Fair value			Total
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
Financial liabilities measured at fair value					
Negative fair value of derivatives	1,291,384	-	1,291,384	-	1,291,384
Financial liabilities not measured at fair value					
Due to banks and other financial institutions	1,536,602	-	-	-	1,536,602
Customer deposits	142,055,608	-	-	-	142,055,608
Sukuk	2,020,491	-	-	1,962,503	1,962,503

b. Measurement of fair values

i. Transfer between levels of the fair value hierarchy

There have been no transfers within levels of the fair value hierarchy during the six month period ended June 30, 2019 and 2018.

ii. Level 3 fair values

Reconciliation of Level 3 fair values

The following tables show a reconciliation from the opening balances for Level 3 fair values.

Investments at FVTPL	June 30 2019 (Unaudited)	June 30 2018 (Unaudited)
Balance at the beginning of the period	476,183	-
Transferred from available for sale financial assets at initial application of IFRS 9	-	8,823
Total unrealized gain / (loss) in interim consolidated statement of income	8,693	17,305
Settlements	(1,098)	(2,044)
Purchases	-	450,000
Balance at the end of the period	483,778	474,084

Investments at FVOCI:	June 30 2019 (Unaudited)	June 30 2018 (Unaudited)
Balance at the beginning of the period	1,893	-
Transferred from available for sale financial assets at initial application of IFRS 9	-	1,893
Balance at the end of the period	1,893	1,893

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19. Fair values of financial assets and liabilities (continued)

b. Measurement of fair values (continued)

iii. Valuation technique and significant unobservable inputs

The following table shows the valuation techniques used in measuring level 2 and Level 3 fair values at June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018 as well as the significant unobservable inputs used.

Type	Valuation technique	Significant unobservable inputs	Inter-relationship between significant unobservable inputs and fair value measurement
FVTPL investments	Fair value is determined based on the investee fund's most recent reported net assets value.	None	Not applicable
FVOCI investments classified as Level 2 include plain vanilla bonds for which market quotes are not available.	Fair valued using simple discounted cash flow techniques that use observable market data inputs for yield curves and credit spreads.	None	Not applicable
FVOCI investments classified as Level 3 include Private Equity Funds	Fair value is determined based on the fund's most recent reported net assets value.	None	Not applicable
Derivatives classified as Level 2 are comprised of over the counter special commission rate swaps, currency swaps, special commission rate futures and options, spot and forward foreign exchange contracts, currency and commodity options and other derivative financial instruments	These instruments are fair valued using the Bank's proprietary valuation models that are based on discounted cash flow techniques. The data inputs on these models are based on observable market parameters relevant to the markets in which they are traded and are sourced from widely used market data service providers.	None	Not applicable
Financial assets and liabilities that are disclosed at fair value and classified as Level 2 include investments held at amortized cost.	These instruments are fair valued using simple discounted cash flow techniques that use observable market data inputs for yield curves and credit spreads.	Additional buffer is added to account for any potential model discrepancy or any stressed market conditions.	Not applicable
Financial assets and liabilities that are disclosed at fair value and classified as Level 3 include loans and advances and debt issuances.	These instruments are fair valued using simple discounted cash flow techniques that use observable market data inputs for yield curves and credit spreads.	Additional buffer is added to the credit spreads to account for any potential model discrepancy or any stressed market conditions.	The higher the credit spread, the lower is the valuation; vice versa.

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20. Capital Adequacy

The Group's objectives when managing capital are, to comply with the capital requirements set by SAMA; to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern; and to maintain a strong capital base. During the period, the Group has fully complied with regular capital requirements.

The Group monitors the adequacy of its capital using ratios established by SAMA. These ratios measure capital adequacy by comparing the Group's eligible capital with its interim consolidated statement of financial position assets, commitments and notional amount of derivatives at a weighted amount to reflect their relative risk.

SAMA has issued the framework and guidance regarding implementation of the capital reforms under Basel III – which are effective starting January 1, 2013. Accordingly, the Group's pillar I consolidated Risk Weighted Assets (RWA), total capital and related ratios are as follows:

	June 30 2019 (Unaudited)	December 31 2018 (Audited) (Restated)	June 30 2018 (Unaudited) (Restated)
Credit Risk RWA	146,049,700	143,485,274	148,718,221
Operational Risk RWA	13,624,272	13,565,927	13,450,008
Market Risk RWA	2,405,537	1,174,055	1,246,082
Total Pillar-I RWA	162,079,509	158,225,256	163,414,311
Tier I Capital	27,724,861	26,111,289	25,158,319
Tier II Capital	2,738,610	2,519,304	2,529,818
Total Tier I & II Capital	30,463,471	28,630,594	27,688,137
Capital Adequacy Ratio %			
Tier I ratio	17.09%	16.50%	15.40%
Tier I + Tier II ratio	18.78%	18.09%	16.94%

The Group maintains an actively managed capital base to cover risks inherent in the business. The adequacy of the Group's capital is monitored using, among other measures, the rules and ratios established by the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision as adopted by the SAMA in supervising the Bank.

21. Comparative figures

Certain prior period figures have been reclassified to conform with current period presentation.

22. Board of Directors' approval

The interim condensed consolidated financial statements were approved by the Board on Dhul-Qa'dah 27, 1440 (corresponding to July 30, 2019).